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TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

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L practice in the County Courts of
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ons. and all business entrusted to my
ll meet with ready attention and scru-
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th. 1857 - 1y.

. B. GODWIN,

DENTAL SURGEON,
TINUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-
ssion at his rooms, over the store of C.
e, Esq.
ty, April 28, 1857.

R. THOS. W. UPSHUR,
VING RETURNED TO THE COUNTY
Pasquotank, for the purpose of locating
lly in the practice of his profession,
his services to his old friends and the
nerally; assuring them that, being du-
ful for former kindness, he will devote
e time, attention and ability to all cases
d to his care; and, soliciting a contin-
their good will and patronage, prom-
o his best towards giving general and
satisfaction.
ll be permanently settled at Mrs. Eliz-
Shepherd's, where he can be found, either
ight, when not professionally engaged.
THO. W. UPSHUR, M. D.
ry 12, 1858—tf.

USINESS CARDS.

ons.] [D. D. SIMMONS.
D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,
NERAL COMMISSION & FOR-
WARDING MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VA.

J. H. WHITEHURST'S
TRO DAGUERREOTYPES.
GALLERIES
Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
Main Street, Richmond, Va.
n Street, Norfolk, Va.
more Street, Petersburg, Va.
more Street, Lynchburg, Va.
Renesse's taken equally well in all
aug 6

CARD
VAUGHAN RESPECTFULLY OF-
ers his services as an auctioneer and
he patronage of the public. Any con-
s to him will be punctually attended
luc returns made after sale.
THOS. G. VAUGHAN.
ille, N. C. June 2, 1857.

CE.—THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD
orm the citizens of Elizabeth City and
ing country, that he is prepared to do
House-Carpenter's Work
its branches. All jobs in the country
t with prompt attention by addressing
JEREMIAH F. CHERRY.
y, January 12, 1858—1y

Watch Making Establishment.
E UNDERSIGNED INTENDING
o make Elizabeth City his perma-
sidence, is prepared to repair Watches
ks of any description, and will do every
his power to give satisfaction. Work
h the greatest despatch and warranted.
mended in a substantial, durable and
nner. Ladies and gentlemen are re-
to give him a trial. A share of public
e will be thankfully received. Please
e store on Road street, one door South
Pioneer office.
W. GEORGE SARTORIUS.
4, 18

GLORGE W. BELL,

DEALER IN
FLES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS
AND FINE CUTLERY,
d Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
17—1y

ISTIAN POETTER & BRO.,
ONABLE BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTURERS,
D STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
opposite the Branch of the Bank of the
State of North Carolina.)
ULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM
e people of Elizabeth City and of
rounding country, that, having
e shop between the Livery Stables of
B. Brothers and the Harness manufac-
he Messrs. Burke, they are prepared to
to order BOOTS and SHOES of every
n. in a style, both as regards finish and
, unsurpassed by any maker in this
country. Repairing of all kinds,
ne of business, done at the shortest no-
e respectfully solicit a share of the pat-
f the public. [fe 16—6m.

CARRIAGE AND HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD
respectfully inform the citizens of
Gates and the surround-
ing country, that he has
IMPORTED
from the North, at the
largest establishment in
Norfolk, consisting of
Carriages, Buggies, & Co,
and one assortment of HARNESS, at low
ess will be under the control of Mr.
ller himself. The public are respectfully
s call before buying elsewhere.
J. C. WHITEHURST, Agt.
Wrenn, of the late firm of Jenkins &
, Norfolk, Va. [mh 23-6m.

POETRY.

[*From the Knickerbocker Magazine.*]

A VAGARY OF ONE SICK.

BY C. H. FOSTER.

I

Shrouded phantoms pass before me, ghastly faces meet my gaze!
Spectral arms with bony fingers clutch the air!
Hist! that sad sepulchral moaning! words of anguish it betrays,
Anguish as of damned spirits, panting in the nether blaze—
Uttering forth a late repentance, in wild, regretful prayer;
While their tones sink ever lower, as they lapse to mute despair.

II

Now the pallid ghouls are gathered from each dank and weltering tomb,
Where they brood o'er livid corpses cold and stark;
And the goblins hold their revel, even here within my room,
Moving fleetly to and fro amid this dull and midnight gloom!
Goblins wan and melancholy, dwellers of the sunless dark,
From the dusky shores of Orcus echoing with triafucal bark.

III.

And the agile ghomes come hither, elf and elemental sprite,
Restless riders of the tempest and the wind:
How the myriad mingled daemons my whole shrinking soul affright!
Mingled of divine and human, finding fierce, malign delight,
Finding sharp, exulting rapture in this torment of my mind—
How they follow, with grim purpose, each some other close behind!

IV.

Thronging denser still and faster, yet the apparitions come,—
Skeletons and gliding shades in sombre train,
Gaunt and haggard shapes of slain ones, as if called by roll of drum,
Famished lips and eyeless sockets! I would shriek, but I am dumb!
All my swollen heart is bursting with an infinite of pain—
Oh the cruel, boundless horror of this fever of my brain!

Cerberus haec ingens latratu regna trifanci
Personat——Virg: Aen: Lib: VI.
Trilinguiore, Hor: Lib: II Car: XIX, et Lib: III Car XI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL STUDENT IN THE 'GREEN ROOM.'

[*By request of "Sasser," the man who whipped the bull.*]

Prof of Anatomy.—'How many bones are there in the human body?'

Student.—'That depends upon what one had for dinner. In shad time there are generally more or less.'

Prof.—'Where is the heart situated?'

Student.—'Commonly in the left side of the thorax; but the majority of the students lose theirs altogether before they leave college.'

Prof.—'Where are the carotid arteries?'

Student.—They arise on each side of the neck and pass up as high as the shirt collar, then down the insensate canal and terminate in both boots.'

Prof of Chemistry.—'Of what is the atmosphere composed?'

Student.—'Oxygen, nitrogen, and other foul gases, depending somewhat upon the inhabitants and the filth of the streets.'

Prof.—'Give an example of the non electrics?

Student.—'Rosum, feathers, hoops, old bachelors, and lightning rods.'

Prof. of Materia Medica.—'Name some of the emetic agents.'

Student.—'Epicac, warm water, too much liquor, and sea-sickness.'

Prof.—'What is considered the maximum dose of opium?'

Student.—'One drop of the millionth dilution of one half the smallest quantity, is a powerful dose for a homeopathic, but we have been advised to give it as long as the patient can swallow, and repeat the doses.'

Prof. of Surgery.—'How do you distinguish a dislocation from a sprain?'

Student.—'The safest way is to twist the injured limb until we are sure it is dislocated, then set it. All concerned are better satisfied.'

Prof.—'What is the treatment for enlargement of the tonsils?'

Student.—'That must depend upon circumstances. If I had a tonsil instrument I should remove them, but otherwise treat them rationally.'

Prof of Theory and Practice. 'Give us the best treatment for intermittent fever.'

Student.—'Give quinine until the patient is blind, then send him to an eye surgeon.'

Prof.—'Would not the warm bath be good in connection with quinine?'

Student.—'Certainly; and the warmer the better.'

Prof.—'How long would you keep the patient in it?'

Student.—Until—until—until the skin slips; then sweat him with hot stuff?'

Prof. of Obstetrics.—'Have you had any experience in the lying in department?'

Student.—'Certainly, sir, I was voted for lying in our town, and came near being laid out for it too.'

The student was allowed a degree, as he had treated a majority of the faculty to brandy toddy.

A VIRGINIA PRINTER BOY.—The Alexandria Sentinel says that Gerard Stith, just elected mayor of New Orleans, was a printer boy in Warrenton, Va. We hope he may be able to "compose" a city as well as he did a newspaper, and to do it without the aid of "shooting sticks."

OCEAN MAIL STEAMER SUBSIDIES.

The Bill introduced by Senator CLINGMAN a few days since, if passed, is calculated to produce a salutary reform in ocean mail carrying. Its aim is to terminate, not only in this, but in other countries, as far as their intercourse with us is concerned, the system of government subsidies to steamers. It provides that American vessels shall be entitled to all the postage which they may earn according to established rates, and one-half of the United States inland postages on the closed mails, which they may convey, destined for foreign countries. It further provides that after the 30th day of June, 1860, a discriminating rate of postage of one hundred per cent. shall be exacted upon all mail matter carried to this country by foreign vessels which are in the enjoyment of mail subsidies. This provision has been fiercely attacked by several of the Northern journals, upon the ground that it would provoke retaliation. Such an apprehension is entirely groundless. There is a deep solicitude in Great Britain to see the Government of that realm relieved of the enormous amount which it is paying, in the way of subsidies, to steamers. In an editorial published as far back as September, 1856, in the London *Times* it was remarked: "As soon as our present contracts expire we must have no more of fostering and nursing a line for the benefit of anybody, or of any company or nation. * * * * * * * * * * "If the Government of this country acts in accordance with the wishes of the great bulk of the mercantile community, we shall have no more of subsidized lines between England and America, when we have once satisfied our engagements with the CUNARD Company in every particular. It is an enormous sum that the British public annually pays for these postal contracts. It is not as generally known as it should be that we pay something like £800,000 ($4,000,000) to the various steam packet companies for carrying our letter-bags, and that a very considerable portion of this is frittered away for the service of the West Indies. * * It will be far preferable if hereafter the Post-Office authorities dismiss from their system an idea which belongs to the days when bounties were given on fisheries or exports, and we know not what. It is high time that there should be free-trade in carrying letters as in all else."

In the cause which he has so judiciously espoused, Senator CLINGMAN will find a powerful ally in the *Times*, as is shown in the preceding quotation. The liberal sentiment of England is doubtless with him, as the liberal sentiment of this country assuredly is. The steamship bounties, the fisheries bounties, the monopoly in the ship-builing and in coast wise navigation, all work in the same team; their utter abandonment by this Government cannot be too speedily effected. We believe that Senator CLINGMAN has sounded the death knell to the former as Senator CLAY has to the fisheries, while the able report of Mr. BOYCE shows conclusively that incidental protection has been a mistake from the beginning. Let us be done with the whole protective system. Our example will not be lost on the rest of the world.—The old homely adage that "competition is the life of business" has never been nor can be truthfully controverted.

Perhaps no greater abuses have ever grown out of any public system than that of subsidies to mail steamers. It has been nationally demoralizing, from the day that the first bill was introduced for an appropriation to the COLLINS line and to an extent which cannot properly be calculated. Pending fat subsidies have been too alluring for the elastic consciences, and the South has had to submit to the consequent taxation. But there must be new contracts entered into. All existing ones will expire in a year or so.—*South.*

THE IMPROMPTU MARRIAGE.

'For heaven's sake, Susy, do be serious, if you can, for five minutes. Pray, pray, cease this trifling, which is but cruel playing with my feelings, and let us treat this subject, as it deserves, soberly and seriously.'

'Well, there, then?' cried the laughing, black-eyed girl, to whom Charles Westerly spoke. 'There, then, is that grave enough? See, the corners of my mouth are duly turned down, and my eyes rolled up, and I am as sober as a patient who has caught sight of the dentist's instruments. Do I suit you so?'

'You suit me anyhow, and you know it well, you witch!' cried Charles, gazing, with a smile, at the pretty face, puckered up in its affection of demureness. But he was not to be driven from his point, and resumed, gravely, after a pause. 'The time has come, Susy, when I feel I have a right to demand an explicit answer to my suit. You have trifled with my earnest feelings long enough. I have grown restless under my fetters."

'Shake them off, then, Charley!' interrupted the saucy girl, with a pretty defiant toss of her head, which plainly said, 'I defy you to do it'

'I cannot, Susy—and you knew, it,' replied the hapless lover impatiently.

'That being the case,' said Susy, 'take my advice—wear them gracefully and don't pull and jerk so; it only makes them hurt you.'

The young man turned away, and walked silently up and down the room, evidently fretting and fuming internally.—Susy, meantime, looked out of the window and yawned. Charles continued his moody walk.

'O, what a beautiful bird is on the lilac tree,' cried Susy, suddenly. 'Do come and see it.'

Charles mechanically approached the window and looked out.

'Don't you think, Charley,' said Susy, laying her hand on his arm, and looking up eagerly in his face; 'don't you think you could manage to——'

'What, Susy dear?' asked Charles, all his tenderness awakened by her manner.—'What?'

'Drop a pinch of salt on his back,' returned the provoking girl, with an affectation of simplicity; 'for then you know, you could easily catch it.'

His answer was to turn angrily away.—His walk this time was longer than before, and his cogitations were more earnest; for he did not heed any of Susy's artfully artless devices to allure his notice. At last he stopped abruptly before her, and said:

'Susy, for three long years I have been your suitor, without either confession of love or promise of marriage on your part. Often as I have demanded to know your sentiments, towards me, you have always coquettishly refused me an answer. This state of things must cease. I love you better than my life; but I will no longer be your plaything. To-morrow you are going away to a distance, to be absent for months, and if you cannot, this very day, throw aside your coquetry, and give me an honest 'yes,' for my answer, I shall consider that I have received a 'no,' and act accordingly.'

'And how would that be? What would you do?' asked Miss Susy, curiously.

'Begin by tearing your false and worthless image from my heart! cried Charles, furiously.

'It would be a curious piece of business, Charley; and you would not succeed either,' said Susy.

'I should and would succeed,' said Charles, 'as you shall see, if you wish, cruel, heartless girl!'

'But I don't wish, Charley, dear—I love dearly to have you love me,' said Susy.

'Why, then,' cried the foolish youth, quite won over again, 'why, then, dearest Susy, will you not consent?'

'Remember, I said I liked to be loved, replied Susy,' 'I did not say anything about loving. But, pray how long did you say you had been courting me, in that pretty little speech of yours.'

'Three long years,' replied Charles.

'Neatly and accurately quoted, Charley. But you know my cousin Rachel was only won after five years courtship. You don't suppose I am going to rate myself any cheaper than she did, do you? Suppose we drop this tiresome subject for two years; perhaps by that time I may be able to work myself up to the falling-in-love point—there's no knowing what wonders time may effect.'

'If you are not in love now, you never will be,' returned Charles, sturdily; 'and I will have my answer now or never.'

'Never, then,' laughed Susy. But she had gone a step too far. Her often severely tried lover was too much in earnest to bear her trifling any longer.

'Never be it then!' he cried; and seizing his hat, he trode from the room.

Susy listened to his receding footsteps with dismay. Had she, indeed, by her incorrigible love of coquetry, lost him? It smote her to the soul to think so. As she heard him open the front door, impelled by a feeling of despair, she raised the window-sash, and leaning forward, whispered,

'Charley, Charley! you will be at the boat to-morrow to bid me good-bye, won't you? Surely we are still friends?'

As she spoke, she tore a rose from her bosom and threw it to him. It lodged on his arm, but he brushed it away, as though it had been poison, and passed on without looking up.

Susy spent the rest of that day in tears. Early the next morning the bustle of departure began. Susy was going to accompany her widowed and invalid mother on a trip for her health.

As they reached the wharf and descended from the carriage, Susy's eyes made themselves busy scratching for one wished for face; but it was nowhere to be seen.

The steamboat lay panting and puffing, seemingly impatient to be let loose. Susy's mother, aided by the servant-man, who accompanied them, had already crossed the gangway which lay between the wharf and the boat, and Susy was reluctantly following, when the sound of a voice behind her—the very voice she was longing to hear—startled her. She turned to look round, and, missing her footing, fell into the water.

Another instant, and Charles had thrown off his coat, and, calling out loudly, 'Tell the captain not to allow the wheel to stir, and to lower me a rope!' he sprang into the river. But of her whom he was risking his life to save, he was unable to perceive any traces.

Judging that the current of the river might have carried her a little forward, he swam around the wheel, but still he saw her not, and despair seized his heart as he conjectured that she might be under the boat. He strained his eyes to see through the water, and at length discerned, far below the surface what seemed the end of a floating garment lodged between the wheel and the rounded bottom of the boat.

If this were indeed the unfortunate girl, the least movement of the wheel must inevitably crush her, and Charles, in his terror, fancied it was already beginning to turn. He dived and clutched at the garment, but missed it. He rose panting, and almost exhausted; but scarcely waiting to get breath, he again plunged below. This time his efforts were rewarded with success, at least so far that he was able to bring Susy's form to the surface of the water—but she was totally lifeless.

Charles was now so nearly exhausted that he had only sufficient presence of mind left to clasp Susy convulsively to him while he kept himself afloat by holding on to the wheel.

But, this, his last hope of support, seemed also to fail him soon, as he perceived that it was now really beginning to turn slowly around. By a desperate effort he struck his foot against one of the paddles so as to push himself as far from the danger as possible. As he did so something touched his head, and his hand grasped a rope. New life now seemed infused into him. He gathered all the energies, and fastened the rope round Susy's waist—consciousness then entirely forsook him. In the meantime the witnesses of the scene, after giving Charles' instructions to the captain, had watched his struggles and exertions with breathless interest. The friendly rope had been flung to him again, and again, but in the excitement of his feelings, and his semi-insensibility, he had been incapable of availing himself of the offered aid.

At last perceiving that he was quite exhausted, and must inevitably soon let go his hold on the wheel, and then probably sink to rise no more, the captain judged it best to run the risk of moving off, so that a small boat could be sent to the rescue.

The result of this hazardous experiment was successful. Susy was raised by means of the rope, and a boat reached Charles in time to save him also.

Both sufferers were taken on board the steamboat, which now rapidly moved off to make up for lost time.

And thus, when our hero regained his consciousness, he found himself many miles from home. Of course his first anxious inquiry was for Susy, and when informed that she was rapidly recovering, his happiness seemed complete. He showed his contentment by turning over, and falling into a deep quiet sleep.

About sunset a message came to him that Miss B——desired to see him.

He found her lying on a sofa in the captan's state-room, which had been given up to her. Her mother was sitting beside her. She looked very pale, and somewhat suffering, but she held out her hand to him very gracefully, while the tears stood in his eyes.

'Charles,' she said, without offering a word of thanks, 'I want to see a clergyman. Is there one on board?'

'I will go and see?' said Charles, moving to the door; but a dreadful thought striking him, he turned, exclaiming, 'Susy, you do not think that—'

'That I am going to die?' said she, anticipating him. 'No, Charles, but I want to see a clergyman.'

Charles went and soon returned, accompanied by a minister.

'I thank you, sir, for coming to me,' said Susy to the latter, as he entered. 'I have a strange request to make to you.—Would you object, sir, in the presence, and with the consent of my mother, to unite me to that gentleman?'

If the minister was astonished at this request, Charles was infinitely more so.—'What did you say, Susy?' said he. 'Did I hear aright?'

'I believe so,' said Susy, smiling at his eager amazement. 'Does the scheme meet your approval?'

'It was heaven inspired!' cried the poor fellow frantic with joy—but a shade coming over his radiant face, he added gravely, But, Susy, have you considered?—Remember, I want your love, not your gratitude. I will be satisfied with nothing else.'

'Do not be concerned about that, dear Charles,' replied Susy, gazing at him very tenderly through her tears; 'be assured you have them both, and had the first long, long before you had the last'

'But, Susy, you said only yesterday—'

'Never mind what I said yesterday,' interrupted Susy, with some of her old spirit breaking out. 'Just mind what I say to day. If I was a fool once, is that any reason I must be one always? But, indeed, Charles,' she added, more softly, 'I have always meant to be your wife—the only scruple I have is that I am not half good enough for you.'

It is needless to say how this discussion ended. The reader has already divined that Charles continued his journey; and thus in the course of one eventful day, he risked a life, saved a life, made an impromptu marriage, and set out on a most unexpected wedding trip.

DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Currituck and Camden Counties, held at Currituck C. H., on Tuesday, June 1st., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the district in the next State Senate; the meeting was organized by electing T. L. Sanderson, Esq., of Currituck, Chairman, and Dr. W. H. Lassell, of Currituck, Secretary.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, and the object of the convention explained; whereupon, on motion of A. M. Cunningham, of Currituck, the Chair appointed a committee, to reccommend to the meeting a suitable person to represent them in the next State Senate. The committee was composed of the following gentlemen:

A. M. Cunningham, Col. J. B. Jones, W. Geo. Granbery, J. L. Cox, Lancelot Poyner, Hodges Gallop, of Currituck; and Philip Dozier, Silas Gregory, D. H. Tillitt, Thomas Garrett, Dr. R. B. Tabb, Samuel Williams, of Camden.

The committee retired, and reported to the meeting the name of Charles C. Williams, Esq., of Camden, as a suitable senatorial candidate, which report was unanimously received, and on motion of W. R. Gordon, the following committee was appointed by the chair to notify Mr Williams by letter, (he not being present) of his nomination, and report his answer:—W. R. Gordon, A. M. Cunningham, Dr. R. B. Tabb, Thomas Garrett, D. H. Tillitt.

On motion of W. R. Gordon, the chair appointed the following committee on resolutions: Dr. E. Morton, B. T. Simmons, E. F. Dozier, W. A. Jarvis, and Philip Northun. The committee retired, and after a short absence returned and reported through their chairman, Dr. E. Morton, the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of the counties of Currituck and Camden, do heartily approve of the course of the present administration in carrying out the principles of Democracy, which principles have ever been the safeguard of our Union.

Resolved, That Thomas Bragg, our present worthy Governor, has proved himself worthy of all the confidence we have reposed in him, and merits the lasting praise and admiration of the Democratic party.

Resolved, That we freely endorse the action of the Gubernatorial Convention, and pledge to its nominee, the Hon. J. W. Ellis, of Rowan, the full strength of the Democracy of Currituck and Camden.

Resolved, That our worthy Representative, Hon. H. M. Shaw, has fully realized our just anticipations as a champion of our cause.

Resolved, That we have abiding confidence in our former Senator, Col J. B. Jones, of Currituck; and we do assure him that in his present voluntary retirement he carries with him our best wishes for his future peace and prosperity.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to the support of the nominee of this convention, well knowing that he will prove worthy of our confidence and support.

Previous to the retirement of the committee on nominations, Col. J. B. Jones, our former acceptable Senator, arose and in a few but spirited remarks, returned his thanks to his friends for their former countenance and support, and politely but firmly refused the use of his name as a candidate. The Col. promised his hearty support to the nominee, exhorted his brethren of the Democratic faith to a greater diligence, and endeavored to persuade the opposition of its error and induce them to array themselves with the Democratic party, as the only means of saving the Union. His remarks were forcible and concise.

During the interval of business, caused by the absence of the committee, J. P. Jordan, Esq., by unanimous request, entertained the meeting with one of his hearty, whole-souled speeches.

There being no further business, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

T. L. SANDERSON, Ch'n.
WM. H. LASSELL, Sec'y.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the Senatorial convention, the citizens of Currituck went into convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the next House of Commons.

Upon the meeting being organized by the above officers holding over, S. B Jarvis, the former representative in the Commons, arose and returned his thanks to his constituents for their former suffrage and politely declined a re-nomination. Col. J. B. Jones then arose and made a few remarks in commendation of Mr. Jarvis' actions as a member of the Commons.

On motion of W. R. Gordon, Esq., the Chair appointed the following committee to report a suitable candidate for the Commons: R. Flora, jr., Carey Etheridge, Sol: A. Baum, S. B. Jarvis, Hodges Gallop, H. Tillett, T. Tillett, C. T. Sawyer, W. A Jarvis, Lancelot Poyner, Jno Poyner, Jno. Bunnell, John Simmons, Stephen Forbes, Tulley Williams, J. C. Dey, Sol. Ashbee, Israel Fanshaw, Josiah Etheridge, Peter Dozier, W. McBride, Jno. Frost, W. Wilson, E. H. Dozier, J. J. Waterfield, and E. Jones.

The committee retired, and during their absence, Wm. F. Martin, Esq., being called upon, arose and entertained the meeting with a logical, terse and energetic address.

The committee then reported through their chairman the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we have abiding confidence in our former representative in the House of Commons, S. B. Jarvis, and we look upon his former course as worthy of the esteem of his fellow-citizens and the Democratic party.

Resolved, That this committee unanimously recommend Burwell M. Baxter, Esq., as a suitable person to receive the nomination as a candidate for the House of Commons.

The report of the committee was unanimously received and the nomination heartily concurred in. On motion of A. M. Cunningham, the chairman constituted the following gentlemen a committee to notify Mr. Baxter of his nomination and request his attendance in the meeting: Committee—A. M. Cunningham, Jno. Frost, W. R. Gordon. These gentlemen soon returned with Mr. Baxter, who accepted the nomination in a handsome address, assuring the friends of his intention of being guided by the lamp of Democracy, that beacon-light by which the good old Ship of State has been guided hitherto, safely. Mr. B. assured his friends that if he should be elected he would place himself upon the Democratic platform and be guided by it and the constitutions, and if he erred, it would be an error of judgment, and not of the heart.

It was unanimously resolved that the proceedings of these meetings be published in the *Democratic Pioneer*, and that the *Raleigh Standard* be requested to copy.

T. L. SANDERSON, Ch'n.
WM. H. LASSELL, Sec'y.

REMEMBER THIS.—No man can ever borrow himself out of debt. You must wish for relief, you must make more and spend less than you did while you were running in debt.

☞ A wit and a fool in company are like a crab and an oyster, the one watches till the other opens his mouth, that he may eat him up.

☞ Before marriage, the man is very much struck with the woman, afterwards the woman is very much struck by the man. It is striking business throughout.

☞ 'When thou art buying a horse or choosing a wife,' says the Tuscan proverb, shut thine eyes, and commend thyself to God.'

☞ Cream may be frozen by putting it in an old batchelors bosom.

For the Pioneer.

MR EDITOR:—It is important that editors should occasionally be informed of the state of feeling amongst the people in regard to the measures they advocate, else, they would not know whether they are popular or not. Claiming to be a most excellent democrat of the Jeffersonian school, I trust I may be allowed to write you a letter on politics in particular. The Democracy of this county claim to be *simon-pure*, and they love their political tenets with a devotion as intense as that which is supposed to exist between two ardent lovers. Indeed, I think we have a few left, as good, and as true as was the beloved Macon. Mr. Jefferson said, when Nat. Macon died, that "he was the last of the Romans." With great defference for the opinion of the Apostle of Liberty, I may be permitted to suggest that we now have statesmen as pure, as true and as straight forward as was the lamented Macon. We, at the present day, are in the habit of pronouncing every thing in the shape of politics and politicians as corrupt. I think politicians are too often underrated. We are after contrasting the purity of our fore fathers, with the degeneracy of their sons. But, is indeed, there a wide distinction between the sons and sires in regard to political morals.—Are we in fact, less pure and less patriotic than were the founders of this government? Until we have some reason why we are, I shall indulge a negative belief.—One thing is very certain to my mind:—No intelligent and unprejudiced man can accuse the Democratic party of corruption. It would be too great a risk of reputation for any one to say that, it is not the only hope of the country, when every child knows that it is. It has saved the country, and it is now its only hope, in this, the trying hour of its existence. Believing this to be a fact, the people of this county intend to stand by and support its flag until the last moment of its career. Mr. Editor, there is now but two parties in this country. The great, national Democratic party is met by a prosperous, increasing and malignant party, led on by sagacious, but dangerous men. The Black Republican party is waging an unceasing warfare upon the institutions of the South. Conceived in the fetid brain of some jail-bird, it has arisen, and to-day, its black flag floats, covered with stains, over millions! The Democratic party stands by the constitution and opposes the inroads of this abominable *ism*. Is it not the duty of every man in the South, who loves his country, to lend a helping hand—to unite and repel the advances of this Lernian Hydra? In the North, the only opposition to the Black Republicans is the Democratic party. It is united North and South by a common desire to save the country. In the South—in North Carolina, we are met by a few old grannies, who are singing a little song about distribution. A few uneasy place-seekers are trying to throw fire-brands into our councils, and with no other motive, than to get into office. The desire is low, mean and contemptible. Distribution is simply an electioneering hobby, and it was hatched in some office-seeker's noddle. The people believe it to be a humbug, and they intend, on the first Thursday in August next, to consign it to the bottom of the sea of oblivion. They intend to show the world that their devotion and love of country, are deeper, more permanent, than their desire to swindle the government out of a few dollars.

They can value their country, they can appreciate the sufferings, the toils, the hard ships endured by their fore-fathers in the purchase of this country, and, rest assured, they will stand by and sustain it now. Let demagogues and "one principle" candidates "cave in" and hush their jabber. We want none of it. We want union and harmony in our camp. We are still receiving fresh accessions to our list; surely we shall soon have the last.

I am pleased to see your neighbor of the Sentinel on the fence. He is keen, sagacious and intelligent, and I am glad to see him rising above the shackles of party. Say to him that he has many sympathizers in this part of the world. The "one principle" candidate will stand no chance here. The Democracy in this county intend to assist in sending him, not to France, not to the Governor's chair, but to his political grave. We intend to give him a decent burial. After the fifth of August next, Duncan K. McRae will have no political existence. He will then be numbered among the "things that were." He is a disorganizer—a deserter from the democratic ranks, and of course no democrat will vote for him.

Judge Ellis will carry every thing by storm with us. An excellent democrat, he well deserves, as he will receive, support from all parties.

As you are aware, the Democracy of Gates and Chowan have selected the talented Dr. R. Dillard, as their candidate for the State Senate. It is presumed that he will have no opposition, and why should he have it? He is able, learned, and deeply devoted to the interests of his constituents. Dr. Dillard has a deep hold upon the affections of the people; they love him and intend to honor him for in doing so they honor themselves.

We have no county candidate for the Legislature. The indomitable and fearless Parker declined the nomination tendered him. In his retirement we wish him an extended career of happiness.—May his shadow never grow less! May his laurels never fade! Wishing that Ellis may beat McRae 20.000 votes, I beg to remain

G.

Gates Co., N. C., June 3, 1858.

☞ The best cure for hysterics is to discharge the servant girl. Some women think they want a physician when they only need a scrubbing brush.

☞ There is a man in New Hampshire so mean that he was caught stealing acorns from a blind hog.

Democratic Pioneer.

J. B. GODWIN, : : : : : : : Editor.

ELIZABETH CITY:

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1858.

FOR GOVERNOR:

HON. JOHN W. ELLIS,

OF ROWAN.

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

FOR SENATE:

JONATHAN W. ALBERTSON,

OF PERQUIMANS.

FOR HOUSE OF COMMONS:

BENJAMIN F. WHITEHURST.

CAMPAIGN PIONEER.

We will furnish the "Democratic Pioneer" from now until the election in August, for **25** cents, invariably in advance. Send in your orders, friends, immediately; the canvass will be exciting, and we shall be found in the thickest of the fight, battling to the best of our ability for the success of Democratic men and measures.

THE FIRST GRAND RALLY.

We made mention a short time back of the effort that was then going on to amalgamate the various elements of opposition into one grand mass, for the purpose of overwhelming the Democratic party in the campaign of 1860. Regardless of the incongruity of sentiment upon the various issues before; casting behind them all thought of differences heretofore existing and dividing them, the leaders of the several factions met in solemn assemblage to tax their ingenuity in the construction of another gull trap to catch voters. Opposition to the Democratic party was the only test required; this settled, and the applicant was admitted to full fellowship.

This mongrel concern has so far progressed as to be able to hold its first *grand* rally in Philadelphia on Tuesday last. In this meeting we have a fair sample of the *spirits*, by whom the new party is to be controlled and led. The names of the speakers are as familiar to the news-paper reader as are those of his own household. And that familiarity has not been brought about by any praise-worthy actions upon the part of those gentlemen. Their characters, their reputations, are not based upon efforts to enhance the interests or welfare of the country. They have obtained notority at the expense of patriotism, and have sent their names to the people unaccompanied with aught to reccommend them to their favor or affection. With but few exceptions, the speakers at this Philadelphia meeting are known and recognized as free will demogogues and black republican agitators. And now they come together, after being foiled in their attempts upon the South, to form a "PEOPLES PARTY," the better to prosecute their fanatical crusade. Who was the speakers upon this interesting occasion? Who were the "Senators and Representatives" officiating at the first meeting of the "PEOPLE'S PARTY." Here are the names. Hon. *Jacob Collamer, Vermont, Humphrey Marshall, Kentucky, Foot, Simmons, Cameron, Coode, Morriss* &c. Need we tell the reader who these men are? With the single exception of Marshall, are they not known to have been the most active, untireing, unscrupulous, black republicans in Congress? With them it has been an unceasing war upon the South and her institutions, and now those men come forward as the leaders and pioneers in a movement that is to inaugurate a "PEOPE'S PARTY," a *national party*!

And pray what do those men proclaim as the leading principle of their organization? "*Protection to American Industry.*" A high protective tariff? Here we have revived the old, exploded idea of high protective duties—calculated, as we all know, to build up free soil capitalists at the North, at the expense of the "*slave dealer*" of the South. A more unfortunate issue for the opposition could not have been devised, and there sages are surely blind to the experience of the past, or they never would have exhumed this long forgotten abomination.

Are our know nothing friends prepraed to unite in this move? Will they take by the hand, *Simmons, Cameron, Foote, Covode, Morriss*, and others of this traitorous fraternity, and go out to battle against the Democracy? The *gallant* Foote thinks that upon this Philadelphia platform all can stand, whether American, Republican or honest Democrats," but we shall greatly err if their is not a general scampering when Southern Americans are required to mount it.

LAUNCH.

A new vessel was recently launched from the Ship-yard of Col. T. L. Skinner, at Edenton. The new schooner bears the name of "Crinoline," and was built under the superintendence of Mr. R. G. Newman, formerly of this Town. The "Crinoline" is intended for the West India trade, and is of the following dimensions: 78 feet length of keel; 22 feet breadth of beam; 6½ feet depth of hold; 110 tons, carpenter's measurement—with live oak frame.

We learn that Capt. Craddick will take charge of this vessel; and we wish all, owner, builder, commander, and schooner, much success!

KNOW-NOTHING MEETING.

Our know-nothing friends assembled in considerable numbers in the Court House on Tuesday, the 8th inst., to select, from the several aspirants, a candidate for the House of Commons, also for the Senate. Quite an animated contest was carried on for the former honor, and judging from what we witnessed, there was a bit of tall electioneering. Some gentlemen were as busy as "bees in a tar bucket," and manifested every disposition to be in at the death.

The vote was by ballot, and William H. Davis, Esq., having *five* votes above either of his competitors—was declared the choice of the convention.

John Pool, Esq., being nominated for the Senate in the earlier stage of the meeting, appeared upon the stand, and after accepting the nomination, proceeded in a characteristic speech, to define his position. He thought, in the opening, that the morals of his opponents perchance had somewhat improved since his last canvass, in which event he might escape misrepresentation, otherwise, he should not know himself at the end of the campaign.

We are glad that Mr. Pool entertained so *favorable an opinion* of democrats as to admit even the possibility of improvement in their *political morals*; it is more than we are willing to concede to him. We greatly fear that he has long since been given over to a "hardness of heart," and that the day of his salvation has passed forever. His speech upon federal politics certainly gave us but little reason to hope for his regeneration, and if *he* is ever rescued from his political sins, we shall be forced to conclude that the days of miracles have again returned.

Our good christian friends sometimes sing a hymn containing these words—

"Whilst the lamp holds out to burn,
The vilest sinner may return."

Our friend must be considered an exception, for he is too deeply dyed ever to seek or obtain forgiveness: we shall have to "laugh at his calamity and mock when his fear cometh."

The gentleman touched the question of internal improvements, and declared against voting farther appropriations for *new works*, but would not say that he would not give assistance to works already commenced. With this we have no fault to find, but only desire that it shall be remembered.

He then pitched into the Kansas-Nebraska bill—charged its passage upon the Democratic party—quite right—but clearly forgot to tell his audience that nearly every Whig senator and representative from the South—Mr. Badger among the number, spake for it, worked for it, and voted for, its passage.

The administration and Lecompton were then taken up, but if we should attempt to follow the course of Mr. Pool, we should be repeating what every body has seen in print before, and shall therefore desist.—His speech touching Mr. Buchanan and the admission of Kansas with the Lecompton constitution, was but the stereotyped arguments of the Congressional anti-Lecomptonites, and was utterly deficient in anything new or original.

Were we inclined to "misrepresent" Mr. Pool, which we never will do, knowingly, he would be a considerable gainer by the operation. To place him before the people in the position which he assumed on Tuesday, is the most unenviable and unfavorable which any man could occupy, and he may find it out when it is too late. If he don't "know himself" when the canvass is over, it strikes us the people will, and the knowledge will not add much to his prospect for the future.

He took decided ground against the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton constitution, and characterized it as one of the basest frauds ever attempted to be perpetrated upon a free people. The Democratic party, with Mr. Buchanan at its head, were *particeps criminis* in the fraud, but here again his memory failed him, and his hearers were not told that half of the "Americans" voted to sustain this atrocious "fraud." Of course we would not blame any gentleman for the misfortune of a treacherous memory, and will not therefore censure Mr. Pool. We admired the boldness with which he assumed his positions, but must confess to a little fright at the implied threat of demolition to any democrat who should hazard an endorsement of Mr. Buchanan before *him*, which his language contained. Bravery is commendable, particularly in *the presence of a foe*. We hope the valiant gentleman will not tarnish the laurels which he expects to win by *cruelty* in the hour of his victory, and the vanquished will receive mercy at his hands. We bespeak this for the unfortunate wight that may encounter his prowess.

Mr. Pool closed by a little glorification to the "American" party; and thought it was yet to wrest the reins of government from the hands of the spoiler. We wondered if there was another '*ground swell*' to herald the mighty event; if so, we shall be on the look out, and vamose at the first evidence of a rise.

We do not design noticing the speech of Mr. Pool farther at this time, but have treasured several points up for future reference.

NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.—As will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, the corner-stone of the Roman Catholic Church in Edenton, will be laid on the 6th of July, by Bishop Lynch, of Charleston, S. C., assisted by other Clergy in the Church. It will be seen by the following extract from a business letter to this office, that this distinguished prelate has recently lectured in that Town. The letter is under date of the 14th inst.:

"We had the pleasure of listening to an able lecture, on Saturday night last, from the Right Reverend Dr. Lynch, Bishop of Charleston: and on Sunday morning he administered the rite of confirmation to seven candidates, and in the evening of the same day he preached an able sermon to a crowded house."

☞ A correspondent writing from Washington to the Raleigh *Standard*, says:

"On Monday last, Mr. Shaw, of North Carolina, replied to the somewhat remarkable speech of the "funny Representative," and I have seldom listened to a speech in which the points of an opponent were so fearlessly met, and so thoroughly stripped of the tinsel which gave them currency.

I really felt some degree of pity for my pet Representative from the fifth district, as he squirmed and writhed under the stinging lash which Mr. Shaw so unsparingly administered. His Black Republican friends came to his aid, but their zeal carried them too far, and they rather damaged than bettered their friend's position.

The reply of the "funny Representative" was the lamest affair I have *ever* heard from any member of that body, noted as it is for its execrable speeches. He floundered about uneasily like an unwieldly porpoise out of its element, and did not pretend, much to the disappointment of the little pages, to illustrate his arguments (?) by a single anecdote. The pages looked grimly at the "funny Representative," as though they considered *such* a speech from *him* as occupying time "under false pretences," and his abolition friends who, when he commenced, had taken seats near him, after awhile slunk away in perfect disgust as they saw the jester attempting to assume the dignity of the statesman.

Although the time allotted Dr. Shaw was too limited for him to notice many points which he desired to, and prevented his dwelling at such length as he wished on the arguments of the "funny Representative," yet his speech is replete with sound, forcible arguments, and should be read by every citizen of North Carolina."

ANOTHER BRUTAL MURDER.—Green, a negro-feller, the property of Mr. John Lasley, of Stokes County, on last week, committed a theft upon the property of Mr. Jesse Brown, a neighbor of Mr. Lasley's; upon being detected and followed home by Mr. Brown, and caused to receive the lash, sought the first opportunity to murder Mr. Brown in the most cruel and brutal manner. According to his own confession, we are informed, he overtook Mr Brown returning home from Mr. Lasley's, and coming up slightly behind him, struck him down with a stone, and instantly beat his head, as it were, into a jelly.

The negro has been arrested and is secure in the jail at Danbury, where he will remain until the day of execution.

Winston Sentinel.

"OUR MOSE" of the *Giraffe*, hits off the distribution humbug in the following humorous style:

There is another view of this *sheer* business you old bachelors don't comprehend and appreciate, and that is this: When we old children took our first sheers we only took enough to do us, and didn't make any calculations for the rapid increase of population—or in other words—you didn't give us any land for your grand-children. If you did, you made a bad calculation, for they come into the world a sight faster than we educate them and provide them with land. The fact is, Buck, land has give out, here, and if Lize's first baby happens to be a boy, I, as his daddy, hain't got a foot of land to plant him on. And if she happens to have half a dozen, (I wouldn't wonder if she had more,) I want to know what in thunder I am to do with them? How am I to educate them? That's the question, Buck.

Now, if I had my *sheer* I could do it easy enough and I will show it to you. You see, Duncan tells me there are at least *twenty-five hundred millions* of acres of the public lands yet undisposed of, (look at that!) and that I, as one of the thirty millions of the inhabitants of this great family, am entitled to my *sheer* of this land to educate my children with, and I will leave it to you as an honest man, (not as a father of children,) to say whether or not I ought to have it—poor man, as I am.

Let me make a sort of calculation and I will tell you how much I claim for my *sheer*. Let me see; Divide 250,000,000 of acres by 30,000,000 and the result will be as follows:

ACRES.		8⅓ ACRES.
30,000,000	250,000,000	
	140,000,000	
	10,000,000	
	30,000,000	

Don't you see that? *Eight and one-third* acres of good land! Why, that's enough for eight boys and a graveyard big enough to bury all the family in. I be-dad-slapped, if I mustn't have it. Who cares for *Lara*, or what he says. Look at *eight and one-third acres of broad public land* and then upon *Lara's phiz*! Which looks the most *tempting* to a poor man, Buck, say?

Timothy Morgan, Esq., is the K. N. candidate for the House of Commons in Pasquotank county.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE ON THE UTAH NEWS.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit the copy of a despatch from Governor Cummings to the Secretary of State, dated at Great Salt City, on the second of May, and received at the Department of State on yesterday. From this there is reason to believe that our difficulties with the Territory of Utah have terminated, and the reign of the constitution and the laws has been restored. I congratulate you on this auspicious event.

I lose no time in communicating this information, and in expressing the opinion that there will be no occasion to make any appropriations for the purpose of calling into service the regiments of two volunteers authorized by the act of Congress approved on the 7th April last "for the purpose of quelling disturbances in the Territory of Utah, for the protection of supply and emigrant trains, and the suppression of Indian hostilities on the frontier."

I am the more gratified at this satisfactory intelligence from Utah because it will afford some relief to the treasury at a time demanding from us the strictest economy, and when the question which now arises upon every appropriation is, whether it be of a character so important and urgent as to brook no delay, and to justify and require a loan, and most probably a tax upon the people to raise the money necessary for its payment.

In regard to the regiment of volunteers authorized by the same act of Congress to be called into service for the defence of the frontier of Texas against Indian hostilities, I desire to leave this question to Congress, observing at the same time that, in my opinion, this State can be defended for the present by the regular troops, which have not yet been withdrawn from its limits.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 10, 1858.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HERTFORD, June 12th, 1858.

JONA. W. ALBERTSON, ESQ.—

Dear Sir: You are aware that the Democratic party of the counties of Pasquotank and Perquimans assembled in Convention at Woodville to-day, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent us in the Senate in our next Legislature of this State. That nomination has fallen upon you; and we have been appointed a committee to inform you of the same, and request your acceptance. To us this is an agreeable duty, and in performing it we take pleasure in saying to you that the Convention was well attended, and all its acts and deliberations were characterized by harmony and good feeling, and that you were the unanimous choice of the Convention—a circumstance no less complimentary to yourself than auspicious to our party.

Allow us to express our earnest hope that you will accept the nomination, and to assure you, as we feel authorized to do, of the hearty and united support of the entire Democratic party of this district.

With assurances of high regard, we are

Very respectfully, &c.,

JAS. C. SKINNER,
WM. NIXON,
JOSEPH F. NEWBY, } *Com'tee.*
C. A. RIDDICK,
F. M. GODFREY,

HERTFORD, N. C.,
June 14th, 1858.

Gentlemen:

I have received your communication informing me in most complimentary terms of my nomination for the Senate from the 1st district, by the Democratic Party.

I sincerely wish that the choice could have fallen upon some other gentleman more calculated than I, to do Justice to Democratic doctrines at this juncture.

But as the delegates who assembled at Woodville in so flattering a manner choose me for their candidate, I do not feel at liberty to decline, when called to the field by the voice of the District.

I am compelled to be absent from home until the 10th of July. After that time, if nothing unforeseen presents, I will endeavor to canvass the district as well as I am able.

Very respectfully,
Your ob't serv't.,
JONA. W. ALBERTSON.

Messrs. JAS. C. SKINNER, WM. NIXON, JOS. F. NEWBY, Dr. C. A. RIDDICK, F. M. GODFREY.

Messrs Ellis and McRae—Discussion between the Distribution candidate and Gen. Ransom—Adjournment of Congress—Hon. A. H. Stephens—Halifax County—Independent candidate — Cool weather — Messrs. Heath, Smith, and others—Kidnapper Baylis and his mate, Simpkins, &c.

[Correspondence of the Democratic Pioneer.]

WELDON, N. C., June 16th, '58.

On Saturday last there was a very large attendance of the Sovereigns to hear the discussion between Judge Ellis and Mr. McRae. The Judge was too unwell to turn out, however, and Hon. Matt W. Ransom, of Northampton, was called on to occupy his place and reply to Mr. McRae.

A little after 2 o'clock, Mr. McRae commenced speaking, and spoke for two hours. He is, as every body knows, one of the finest speakers in the State and hard to trip. He fully maintained his reputation here, but was effectually replied to by Gen Ransom, although the latter had only about an hour's notice that he would be expected to reply. I cannot undertake to give you a synopsis of the speeches, but while *the Know-Nothings* were well satisfied with Mr. McRae's, I am quite sure the Democrats were equally as much so with Gen. Ransom's, and I am certain that Judge Ellis will get some votes that he would not have gotten, and Mr. McRae will lose some that he would have gotten had not this discussion taken place. What I say *I know*. Halifax County will do her duty this summer beyond all question.

Congress has adjourned, and our town is filled daily with Big Bugs; and this morning Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, is here, having stopped over last night to rest. He appears feeble and very much in need of repose, but if he were deprived of the excitement of political life I doubt if he could live. His constitution seems to require that sort of stimulant.

The Legislative campaign will open formally in this County on the 12th July, at Braswell's ⋈ Roads. At present there is no opposition to the regular Democratic ticket, except Jno. R. Branch, Esq.—a son of Ex-Gov. Branch—and he is a Democrat and a supporter of Judge Ellis, as I am informed.

The past few days have been quite cool, so much so in fact as to render fire necessary to one's comfort.

Hon. R. R. Heath, of Edenton; Col. Smith, of Murfreesboro'; Mr. Winston, of Bertie; Messrs. J. W. Hinton and J. L. Ball, of your city, and a good many other eastern gentlemen were here on Saturday, and remained until the close of the discussion, when they took their departure, the most of them for Raleigh, to attend on the Supreme Court, which is now in session there.

Capt. Bayliss, the Kidnapper, about whose trial I wrote in my letter from Petersburg, goes in the Penitentiary for *forty years*. Being upwards of 50 now, he will be quite an old man when he comes out. Simpkins, the mate, seemed to stand a pretty good chance to get off, the Jury not being able to agree, but to my eye he *looked to be* by far the biggest rascal of the two, and I think he is. His trial was postponed till October, though I don't understand how it is that he can be tried a *second* time for the same offence.

RIP-SLAP.

FURTHER NEWS BY THE EUROPA

AT HALIFAX FROM LIVERPOOL.

The Europa brings a detachment of nine officers and one hundred and sixty-four privates, for the 62d and 63d regiments. She sailed for Boston at 3 o'clock P. M. with a light wind from the east, and raining, and will be in Boston this evening.

In the House of Commons a variety of questions were put to the government.

Mr. Disraeli, in response to inquiries by Lord John Russell, as to affairs in China, said it was impossible for him to afford any fresh information upon the subject. The present government had extended to Lord Elgin the same wide discretion given him by the former government, but they were not aware of his motive in proceeding to the northward, after he had been invited by the Chinese government to repair to Canton, and what demands he had required from the Chines government they could not say.

Mr. Bright remarked that the original question concerned only Great Britain, and the power of the country was amply sufficient to vindicate its honor, without entangling it in complicated relations with France, Russia, and the United States.—He strongly urged termination. England was now at war with one-half the human race, and had fifteen thousand men and seventy ships in China, and he doubted whether the opperations would be attended with the slightest benefit to trade.

Sir J. Packington said it was intended to reduce the force in the East at the earliest practicable moment.

Mr. Horsfall asked whether the government had any information of the arrest of Capt. Judkins, of the Persia, at New York?

Mr. Wilson also asked whether there were any objections to lay on the table the correspondence between the British government and that of the United States respecting the slave trade?

Mr Seymour Fitzgerald replied, that the government had received no official information of the arrest of Capt. Judkins. With regard to the other question, the American government had made grave charges against certain British officers, but no official account had been received from these officers. He could only say that if occurrences such as these complained of had occurred, they would be viewed with the deepest regret by the government, and immediate explanation given. The fullest information should be laid before Parliament as early as possible; in the meantime, he had only to add that orders had been sent out to the officers in command of the squadron in the Cuban waters, to make every inquiry into the subject, and the greatest caution and forbearance should be exercised towards vessels bearing the American flag.

The London Times, in a leader on the searching of American vessels, reiterated its objections against the policy of maintaining a squadron which had proven so ineffectual for the end in view. It says, whatever the right of the case, and however far Americans may be ready to go at present in compliance, for peace sake, we cannot but look forward to a day when it will be more disagreeable, and at the same time more unnecessary for the Americans to submit, and a still greater let down for our own pride to give way. After passing some censure upon the apathy of the American Government in the suppression of the slave trade, it concludes as follows:

"We do not compel her to the virtue she has not; before very long the mere attempt must bring on a fearful war. Is there no such thing as giving up a crusade, which began with being optional, and is found to be ineffectual? Is nothing to be surrendered, except after the loss of thirty thousand lives on both sides, and thirty millions of money? Is there no other use, equally benevolent, to which we could put the half million and valuable lives sunk in these squadrons.

In the city article of the Times some reflections are made on the same subject, and it is asked whether, supposing America unwilling to bind ships for the suppression of the slave trade, there might not be an agreement for one or two American officers to be received as permanent guests on board British vessels, while serving on such duties, and all searchers to be conducted under the auspices of such American officers?

The Daily News editorial, on the same subject, regards the affair as a disagreeable one, but thinks it premature to jump at conclusions without hearing both sides of the question. It discredits reports made by some of the American captains.

The same paper draws a contrast between the serf-emancipation policy of Russia, and the slave policy of America, and incidentally reviews the career of Tourgueneff and Edward Everett, upon the latter of whom it casts some bitter reflections.

The London Post thinks that if injury has been sustained, England cannot refuse the reparation demanded by Secretary Cass, and calls for such forbearance in the matter complained of as will not endanger the friendly relations between the two countries.

The London Star thinks the danger is imminent, unless the British Government recede from its untenable position.

The Atlantic Telegraph fleet returned to Plymouth from their experimental trip on the 3d instant. The experiments in paying out and hauling in the cable, in water nearly three miles deep, and much deeper than it is anywhere between Ireland and Newfoundland, was entirely successful, and the new machinery is pronounced perfect. The operation of splicing the two ends was perfected four times, and the cable was payed out at the rate of seven to eight knots an hour.

The expedition will finally start from Plymouth on the 9th or 10th of June.

On the 29th ult., Professor Hughes worked with his printing telegraph machines through 3,000 miles of cable at the rate of thirty-two letters per minute; Professor Whitehouse worked at the rate of nineteen words in eighteen minutes, and Mr Thompson was unable to work at all.

The Government has chartered twenty additional ships to convey troops to India Twenty-five thousand troops are to be sent to India immediately.

Mr. Edmund Sawyer was taken suddenly ill while cutting wheat on the farm of Mr. F. M. Charles, in Pasquotank county, on the 21st inst., and died in a short time.

☞ James W. Hinton, Esq., of this Town, has been licensed to practice law in the County Courts of this State.

LETTER FROM THE HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 14, 1858.

DEAR SIR: It gives me pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 1st instant, to which, being still unable to write, I must reply by availing myself of the hand of another.

You ask my views as to what the South should do in the event that Kansas should be finally refused admission into the Union under the Lecompton constitution. Your inquiry shows that you had not, at the date of your letter, learned the action which Congress had taken upon the question of the admission of Kansas under the constitution framed at Lecompton.

The questions which agitated the people of Mississippi, when I was last among you, were as to the course which the administration would pursue in relation to the action of the convention in Kansas, and whether the Congress would apply to the application of Kansas the dogma of "No more slave States?" Fortunately for us, neither of the issues on which I took position before my fellow-citizens of Mississippi remains now for consideration.

The Executive, so far from opposing obstacles to the admission of Kansas, because the convention had not submitted the constitution formed by it for the ratification of the people by a popular vote, has used all of his influence to promote favorable action by Congress upon the application of the new State; and the Congress, barring all side pretences, and overthrowing all opposition to the constitution of Kansas because it recognised the right of property in slaves, have decided to admit Kansas into the Union with the constitution framed at Lecompton; thus, at the same time, deciding that the recognition of slavery in the constitution of a new State should not exclude her from admission into the Union, and that the inhabitants of a Territory, when assuming the powers and responsibilities of the people of a State, have a right to regulate their domestic institution in their own way—framing their fundamental law either by delegates assembled in convention, by the people convened in mass, or by any other mode which to them may seem best.

Appended to the constitution as a condition connected with the application for the admission into the Union, the convention of Kansas submitted an ordinance which set up extraordinary and inadmissible claims in relation to the public domain and demanded exorbitant grants of land for educational, railroad, and other purposes. These the Congress refused to recognise as a right or to grant as an endowment, at the same time proposing to the people of Kansas terms which, though more moderate, were quite equal to those which had been granted to the most favored State at the date of her admission. The only question, then, which remains is, will the people of Kansas accept the terms proposed by Congress, or not? If they accept the terms, then the action of Congress is complete; the constitution having been already received, approved, and the State admitted under it; and the President of the United States, upon notification of the acceptance of the grants conferred, having been authorized, by proclamation, to announce the fact that Kansas is a state in the Union. If the terms offered by Congress be declined, then Kansas remains a Territory of the United States, and, as provided in the act for her admission, must so remain until she has a population which will entitle her to at least one representative in Congress.

The mode in which the acceptance or rejection of the grants offered by Congress in lieu of those claimed by Kansas should be decided, was specified in the act for admission. This was a mere question of policy or convenience, for nothing can be clearer than that, when the conditions annexed to their application for admission had been changed by the Congress, the people of Kansas were not bound by their proposition and had a right to withdraw it, if they believed it to be so materially affected by the change of the conditions as to render admission into the Union no longer desirable to them.

By the act of admission a Territory becomes an equal in the sisterhood of States, and those who claim the right of Congress to modify the constitution of a State asking for admission, or to coerce her to enter the Union under terms unacceptable to the community, offended against the doctrine of State rights, and deny the freedom and equality, which are inseparable from the idea of State sovereignty.

The consequences of admitting a State without a recognition precedent of the rights of the United States to the public domain, are, in my opinion, the transfer of the useful, with the eminent domain to the people of the State thus admitted without reservation.

The bill first passed by the Senate, like that which became a law, covered the two points which, in my opinion, contained all that was important to the South. First, the recognition of the right of the people to exercise entire control over the mode in which they would proceed to form their constitution; second, that the recognition of the right to hold slaves should not be a barrier to the admission of a new State into the Union. As a question of preference between the bill of the Senate, which failed in the House, and that of the committee of conference, which became a law, my judgment is in favor of the latter, because it distinctly reserves the rights of the United States, and does not attempt to construe, or seemingly to suggest any modification of, the constitution, or to offer any justification for having admitted the State, but leaves it to stand as the simple recognition of the right of the people—they having formed a constitution republican in its character—to be admitted into the Union.

The importance which I attached to the success of the measure, and my willingness to incur any responsibility which attached to a participation in it, may be inferred from the fact that, though an invalid, whose condition rendered it less than prudent that he should leave his chamber, I went to the Senate for two days in succession, that I might have an opportunity to vote for the bill. Its passage was then, and is now, regarded by me as the triumph of all for which we contend and the success of a great constitutional principle, the recognition of which, though it should bear no present fruit to be gathered by the South, was an object worthy of a struggle, and may rebound to our future advantage. By the same means the country was relieved from an issue which, had it been presented and ened, our honor, our safety, our for our ancestors, and our regard posterity would have required to meet, at whatever sacrifice.

I have thus thrown out rather than complied with your request my views fully, which you will tribute to the physical embarrassment which I reply.

Very respectfully and truly, yours, JEFFN DAV

F. BOSTICK, Esq., Yazoo City, ippi.

OUR RELATIONS WITH ENGL HIGHLY IMPORTANT—ARR AT THIS PORT OF A BEARE DISPATCHES TO LORD NA

From the New York Express of yes

It affords us much pleasure to to-day that our complaints against cent outrageous proceedings of the cruisers in the Gulf are to re have already met—prompt redress assurances, from a high official a character to allay all apprehen trouble between the two Governm

The Burmuda Government steam Syren, a propeller of about 140 ton en, arrived at this port yesterday fr from Bermuda, and anchored off terry. She brought as passengers Richardson, Esq., Lieut. R. N. of the Admiral's flag ship, *who* c *er of important dispatches from Sir Hamilton Stewart to H. B. M. ter, Lord Napier.* Lieut. Richa mediately upon his arrival, repo self at the office of the British C after a conference with Mr. Ar whom he brought letters from th he *took his departure for Wash the six o'clock train.*

We understand that the dispat Lieutenant Richardson brings an to the communication sent by Lo some time since to Sir Houston S regard to the proceedings of the and "Buzzard." In these dispat Admiral informs his Lordship proceedings of the steamers and in boarding American vessels A LY UNAUTHORIZED BY ANY ORD TING FROM HIM, and that h ceived his Lordship's comm ting forth the state of public fe United States in regard to th the American flag, and the a Government and Congress sent out the steamer Ve orders to overhaul the S and put a stop to their tion. He assures Lo through him the Ameri that he has taken and will every step necessary to pre visitation of American vessels cruisers, and to allay all ill may have arisen from *ill-cond duct of imprudent offic* concludes his dispatch by the that the "outrages" are at an that he will have the pleasure communicating more in Lordship, as he will, within a be at Halifax.

We understand that Lieutenant of Sir Houston Stewart to sail fro da with his flag-ship on or about inst., whence it is to be forwarded no apprehension of any possible between the vessels of the Ame and those of the English squadron Richardson, after delivering his to Lord Napier, will repair to H await the arrival of the Admi steam-yacht Syren will coal, and Bermuda to-day or to-morrow.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN

At a second meeting of the D party of Gates County, held at June 12th, 1858, to re-nominate (Hardy W. Parker, the former nee, having declined being a reasons made known by him to for the House of Commons in General Assembly of North Caro H. Harrell, Esq., was appoint man, and Chas. E. Lowther and Cowper, Secretaries.

On motion of Wm. H. Harrell mittee of one from each Capta was appointed by the Chairman candidate: where upon, the follo tlemen were appointed—Minton C. Trotman; Hunter's Mill, Joseph Harrell; Gatesville, Thomas G. Haslett's Store, Benjamin Saunders House, Wm. Mill's Daughtridge, ert D. Duke; Folly, James B. who retired, and in a few minutes ed, recommending Riddick Gatlin whose name was presented by the man, and confirmed by the Co without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Gatling was waited on, and the nomination tendered him, in a and eloquent address.

Resolved, That the former no be adopted.

Resolved, That we would expr unfeigned regret that Hardy W. Esq., has concluded to withdraw sent to accept the nomination tend at a previous meeting of the Dem party, and we hereby assure him carries with him, in his retirem good wishes of his Democratic fri zens.

Resolved, That these proceed sent to the "Democratic Platfo "Murfreesborough Citizen," and their publication.

Resolved, That this meeting adjourn.

WM. H. HARRELL, Ch

C. E. LOWTHER, } Secretaries
R. B. G. COWPER, }

WAR WITH ENGLAND

The New York Herald, says: event as a naval war with Engl even with England and France other than a naval war is within the of probability—would not only w entire condition and policy of the States, but would change the fac world. Its effects in a material view upon this country would be traordinary. Our external commer ped, our domestic industry would unparalleled impulse. Not only w artisans and manufacturers have the ordinary domestic demand, b would be called upon to meet the tion of a great and active war. could do with ease, for we possess ourselves or in our immediate every soil and climate, and every and skill requisite for the most production. Grains and meats cotton and wool for raiment, iron for mechanical appliances, gold and for trade, sugar and coffee for luxu

alies for the arts, and our inven-
culty and energy of enterprise for
employment equal to every possible
ency. Home production would be
sed a thousand fold. Shut us out
he European markets for only a short
, and we would show to them that
d neither their skill, their labor,
eir capital, to attain even the very
st purposes of production and enjoy-

the immense industrial impulse that
l war with England would give to
not, by any means, the whole effect
ld produce. Close our markets for
rt season in England and France,
ey would lose at once one third of
ntire foreign trade, and one half of
ments of their industry, which they
and cannot produce. Such an event
deprive the powers of Western Eu-
f the greater part of their means of
e, and of paying the interest on
normous debts; and produce a social
olitical revolution in every country
upheaving the very foundations of
in all of them except Russia, which
es almost the same elements of self
ance as ourselves.
political results of such a war would
more vast than its industrial ef-
The first effect upon the United
would be to heal all our sectional dis-
nd set thousands at work developing
l, iron, silver, gold, wheat and other
productions, and manipulating them
otation to use. Then our five millions
of shipping would be driven home,
rned at once into a volunteer navy,
e upon every sea. As in the Mex-
ar we saw two hundred thousand
ers offered to the President in six
so should we see, then, five hun-
ousand men offered, ready to march
e possession of every harbor on the
nt and its adjacent islands, from
nd to the isthmus of Panama.—
the first year had expired, we should
urselves to possession of Canada,
Jamaica, St. Domingo, Mexico and
l America. All of these would
new sources of supply, open new
s of industry and internal trade, and
t the fountains of our strength,
heir accession to our Union would
ly diminish the strength of the Eu-
n Powers. When the war ended, it
exhibit results similar to those of
Crimean struggle, but on a vaster
We should come out of it first in
orld, as France came out of the Eas-
war first in Europe.
one can foretell what may be the re-
of the present irritation of the public
here against England, and of the po-
complications there. A naval war
the most improbable result, and eve-
ecting man must see that it is far
eing very undesirable thing to this
y. It may be that it is one of the
table designs of Providence for work-
t the true and manifest destiny of
eat republic.

MIKE CAME NEAR LOSING SALLY BUT DIDN'T.

have you heard the news?'
by, Mike Han and Sally Brown got
d last evening.'
e nation! you dont say so?'
s, as sure as you live, but between
d me, Mike came mighty near not
g her.'
w was that?'
y, I came mighty near getting her
'
s. I'll tell you about it. You see
nd me went over to Bethel meeting
one evening to prayer meeting for no
purpose than that of going home with
I saw him as soon as I had got in,
saw me too, so we both knew what
ht depend on!
e meeting was out we both made a
or the door to go in for the chances;
luck would have it, he got entang-
among the people, and so I beat him
, and cut him out as slick as a whis-

'd found a chest of gold it would not
eased me a whit better, for you see,
already in love with the gal. We
had laughed along as merry as crick-
ut for the fact that there had been
er of rain the evening before, which
t puddles of water here and there in
. every thing would have been just
ould be
my part, I didn't care a copper for
ddles—in fact, I am not sure but I
have had them here, for each one of
made it necessary for me to take Sal-
y arms and leap over, which by the
as anything but disagreeable. It
certainly have done you good to see
on the 'agony' every time I came
of these puddles. I done it for the
purpose of hurting the feelings of
who was following along after us in
as sober as a judge. Of course
d I led the way all the time. It
y dark, so dark we could scarcely see
und, yet we could see all the pud-
water very plainly by reflection—
oked white.
after we entered the lawn run
p to Tom Smith's. I saw an unu-
ge puddle. Telling Sally to hold
per, I took her around the waist
ie an awful leap. Do you think
afe and sound on the other side?
I lit with one leg on either side
ck of an old white cow that lay in
d, and which I had mistaken for a
of water. The cow being doubtless
as surprised as myself, sprang up
t first; and the next instant Sally
ound ourselves landed on our head.
was not the worst of it—one of
brute's horns caught in the strap
aistcoat, and away she went, drag-
e down the lawn and roaring like
I suppose she had dragged me
fifty paces before her hold tore
ut as the road was perfectly
I sustained but little injury. The
ions hurt that I had received was
rnal one, and that was caused by
rp squall that Sally give when we
our heads. It went through me
nife, and kept on ringing in my
r I had no idea but the poor girl
ed.
oon as I could clear the dirt out of
s, I hurried back to learn the
In a very little while I learned
in a different way from any I had
d. There came Sally down along
er side of the lawn; swinging on
arm, and laughing fit to kill her-
Don't you think I was mad? I
a word to say, but just dropped
nd cut across the fields and left

w nights ago, I called on Sally
determination to pop the question
and bring matters to a close. I went over the whole rigmarole, and she listened to me till I was through, and then with one of the most provoking laughs yet ever heard, she looked up and told me I was a little too late—she was engaged. Mike had got the heels of me, and nothing under the sun but the old cow was the cause of it.'

THE PIONEER.

CURRITUCK AND CAMDEN.
For Senate:
C. C. WILLIAMS, OF CAMDEN.
For Ho. of Commons (Currituck):
BURWELL M. BAXTER.

PERQUIMANS COUNTY.
For House of Commons:
THOMAS WILSON.

GATES AND CHOWAN.
For Senate:
DR. R. DILLARD, OF CHOWAN.
For House of Commons (Gates),
RIDDICK GATLING, JR.

HERTFORD COUNTY.
For Senate:
JOHN W. MOORE.
For House of Commons:
DR. R. H. WORTHINGTON.

MARTIN AND WASHINGTON.
For Senate:
D. C. GUYTHER, OF MARTIN.
For Ho. of Commons (Martin Co.):
AUGUSTUS MOORE.

HALIFAX COUNTY.
For Senate:
DR. MATT. C. WHITAKER.
For House of Commons:
WM. HILL, | DR. W. L. LONG.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.
For Senate,
GEN. THOS. J. PERSON.
For House of Commons,
M. W. RANSOM, | M. W. SMALLWOOD.

SHERIFFALTY.

☞ We are authorized to announce FRANCIS M. GODFREY as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Pasquotank County, at the election on the 5th of August next. [te. pd.

☞ We are authorized to announce MILES WHITEHURST as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of the County of Pasquotank, at the ensuing August election. [42-te.

☞ We are authorized to announce CHAS. B. BROTHERS as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Pasquotank County, at the ensuing August election. [44-te.

NEW YORK MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
SAWYER & WHEDBEE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
100 *Wall Street.*
NEW YORK, June 18, 1858.

WHITE CORN—77 to 80c per bushel.
Yellow " 76 to 79 " "
Mixed, " 70 to 75 " "
White Wheat—120 to 132.
Red " 110 to 122.
PORK—Mess $17.00 a $17½.
Prime, 15.25 a 15 50
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits Turpentine, 47cts. to 48c per gallon. No. 1 Rosin $2.78 and $3 per Bbl. Common do. $1.48 and $1 50 per Bbl. Tar $2 per Bbl.
COTTON—N. C. 11½. per lb.
Texas, 12½
Middling, 12⅝a12¾.
Middling Fair, 13½
WHITE BEANS—$1 40 to $1 50 bus.
Southern B. E. Peas—$1.75 per bag of 2 bushels.
BEES WAX—31 to 33c per lb.
VIRGINIA OATS—39 to 42c per bush.
HAY—per 100 lb. 55 to 65c.
RICE—3½c. to 4c. per lb.
WHISKEY—21 a 22 per gal.
MEAL—per bbl 3 65 a 3 95.
FLAXSEED—per bush.
SHINGLES, 20 in bunch, cypress, $8a8¼
" 2ft. " 1200a1500
" 30in. " 1800a2200

For the past week there has been more activity in wheat, with better prices.

Prime new White Georgia sold for $1.70 cts. per bushel; Red do,. $1,60. These prices are not to be expected when the new crop comes in. Pime wheat is very scarce, and would bring full prices; the stock of old Wheat is of very inferior quality. The Stock of Corn here is very light, and prices have advanced.

Very Respectfully.
SAWYER & WHEDBEE,
100 Wall St.

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing that this healthful and delightful
SUMMER RESORT
will be opened for the reception of visitors on the first of July. The proprietor will spare no pains to accommodate and please all who may favor him with their patronage. He prefers to make no promises, willing that the public verdict should be pronounced upon his acts.

The services of attentive assistants, in every department, have been secured, and an excellent
BAND OF MUSIC
engaged for the season. The Proprietor may be permitted to urge that Nag's Head is a SOUTHERN RESORT with a SOUTHERN Manager.

The hotel will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 1st of July.

RATES OF BOARD.
Per month $30.
By single day, $2.
By the week, per day, $1.75.
" " 2 weeks " 1.50.
Children and servants half price.
JOHN BOOTHE, Proprietor.
June 12, 1858.—tf.

LAYING OF CORNER STONE.

THE CORNER-STONE OF THE Roman Catholic Church in Edenton, N. C., will be laid on Tuesday, the SIXTH day of July next, at 11 o'clock, by the Right Reverend Dr. LYNCH, Bishop of Charleston, S. C., assisted by the Reverend Mr. Plunket, of Portsmouth, Va., and other Clergymen in the Church.
Edenton, June 22, 1858. 46-3w.

JUST OPENED at the "Bee Hive," two bales of one yard wide Brown Cotton, at 6¼ cts. per yd. very heavy goods, worth 10 cts.
Norfolk, June 8, 1858.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE

WISHING TO STOP FARMING, I offer for sale my two farms, "Wood lawn" and "Cumberland." The farm I live upon is situated on Perquimans river, in Harvey's Neck, and is in a fine state of cultivation, well adapted to the growth of Corn, Wheat and Cotton; has on it a good DWELLING and every necessary out-building. There is about THREE HUNDRED acres cleared, and a deading of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Acres, nearly all ditched and ready to come in. There is between eight and nine hundred acres of LAND attached to the farm; the portion not cleared is well set in pine, oak, gum, hickory, &c. I deem it unnecessary to say any more—those wishing to purchase a good and convenient farm will do well to come and examine the premises.

The other Farm is situated on the North side of Perquimans river, about four miles from Hertford, on the road recently cut through to Elizabeth City. There is about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and a deading of about twenty acres, all ditched and ready to come in. This farm contains between two and three hundred acres, and will yield as much Corn as any land in the county. The buildings are not very good, but comfortable. I will also sell stock and farming utensils on the farms.

A liberal credit will be given. Come and see.
B. J. SHANNONHOUSE.
Hertford, N. C., June 22, 1858-3m. 46—

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE
IN CURRITUCK COUNTY, N. C.

THE undersigned having removed from North Carolina, desires to sell his property at Sligo, in the County of Currituck. There are one hundred and ninety-two acres of Land, (about thirty acres of which are cleared,) upon which are two Dwellings (one in excellent order) and all necessary out-houses. There are also upon the premises two STORE-HOUSES, one of which is a very large and substantial building, and the other, though not so large, is in excellent order. Also, two large warehouses. These Houses are on the main road leading from Camden County to Currituck C. H., Norfolk, &c.; and are among the best stands for merchandising anywhere in the country—being, besides, within two hundred yards of navigable water.

I will sell the whole for less than the original cost of the buildings alone. Terms accommodating.

For further particulars, apply, by letter or in person, to the subscriber at Deep Creek, Va., or to Henry Ballentine at Indian Ridge, N. C.
A. H. LINDSAY.
Deep Creek, Va., } 46-tf.
June 22, 1858. }

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. W. R. SPRUILL WOULD MOST respectfully inform his frisnds and the public, that he has now PERMANENTLY located himself in Pasquotank county, near Salem, and within a short distance of his old stand, where he can at all times be found, day or night, when not called away by professional business.

He takes this method of returning his thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to him since his residence in the county; and assures those who may in future require his services, that their calls shall be promptly answered, and the utmost care and attention given. A continuance of patronage solicited.
June 22, 1858. 46-tf.

RAFFLE! RAFFLE!!
AN ELEGANT MUSICAL BOX!

LOOK over the selection of choice pieces, and call on J. M. MATHEWS, Ag't., see for yourselves, and leave your $2 for a chance.

To be decided with dice, as soon as the chances are PAID FOR.

Paul et Virginie—Waltz.
Edinburgh Polka.
Il Trovatore—Romanza.
La Traviata—Aria.
La Domino Noir.
La Norma—Aria.
Le Nabob Duo Monsieur.
L' Exile Suipe, Il Gemissait.
June 22. 46—

$5 REWARD.

THE subscriber will pay the above reward to any person who will return to him FIFTEEN DOLLARS, which the undersigned lost on the 19th inst. The money was on the Farmers' Bank of North Carolina—a ten and five dollar bill.
F. MURRAY.
E. City, N. C, June 22, 1858—1t.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

I OFFER for sale or rent my Nag's Head property. The property is situated in a very good neighborhood, and as pleasantly located as any in that section.

There is a very good dwelling, which has four rooms, also kitchen, store-room, &c.

Persons desiring to purchase will please apply to me at Edenton, N. C
WM. J LEARY.
June 15, 1858. —2w.

INFIRMARY FOR SLAVES,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened at the Marine Hospital (in a separate building) an INFIRMARY FOR INVALID SLAVES. He has ample accommodations for a limited number, and will give them his careful attention—supplying them with every necessary their case requires. An Institution of this kind offers many advantages to masters having servants afflicted with chronic or surgical diseases. And, from its economy, they are relieved of the expense and annoyance of having such upon a plantation.

The charges for Board, Medical attendance, Nursing, and Medicine, are $6 per week, payable upon the removal of the patient.

In cases requiring a surgical operation, in addition to the above rates, a fee varying from $2 to $30, in different cases, will be charged for the operation, the particulars of which may be ascertained upon application at the Infirmary.

The services of any other regular Physician will be allowed, at the expense of the master.

Persons in the country desiring to send patients to the Infirmary, or obtain information concerning it, may address the subscriber.

☞ No contagious diseases admitted.
H. P. RITTER, M. D.
April 27, 1857—1y.

NOTICE—$100 REWARD!

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on Monday, the 29th day of March, my Negro Boy BOB. He is about twenty-two or twenty-three years of age, bacon color, gizzard-footed, and slightly ruptured. He is about five feet six or seven inches high, has a large full face, and a scar in one corner of his mouth, bitten by a dog when he was a child. I will give One Hundred Dollars for BOB, delivered to me upon my farm in Currituck County, or for his confinement in any jail, so that I get him again. All persons are hereby warned against harboring or employing said negro, under the penalty of the law.
THOMAS L. SANDERSON.
Currituck Co., June 1, 1858. 43—tf.

RICHMOND POTTERY.—SHERWOOD & YOUNG, Agents, have on hand a large assortment of Jars, Jugs, Churns, Butter Pans, Oyster Jars, Spittoons, Pitchers, &c., for sale at factory price. Liberal discount allowed on sums over Ten dollars.

In connection with the above, we are prepared to furnish ½ and ¼ gallon Jars, made expressly for fruits, with corks fitted to each. The attention of persons dealing in preserved fruits is called to them. Samples can be seen at our store, No. 14 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

NAG'S HEAD.—FOR SALE, BY THE subscriber, the HOUSE and Lot formerly owned and occupied by Thomas Benbury, deceased.
RICH'D PAXTON.
Edenton, N. C., June 1, 1858. 44-tf.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing the citizens of E. City and vicinity, that he has taken the LARGE WARE-HOUSE formerly occupied by Messrs. W. T. & J. M. Hinton, for stowing away GOODS or PRODUCE, and will keep constantly on hand for sale, WOOD, COAL, LIME and BRICKS.
B. T. MILLER, Agt.
March 31, 1857

SPRING DE LAINE ROBES at the Bee Hive, of entire new designs, at very low prices.

Lawn Robes, in fine Organdy, &c., under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va.

Look out for an opening day of Mantillas, &c.

CHENIEL SHAWLS, CHENIEL SHAWLS.

RECIEVED per steamer Roanoke a splendid assortment of Cheniel shawls from $5 up.—The same goods cost from 12 to 15 dollars first of the season. All who want a Cheniel Shawl, call soon and get one at the BEE HIVE.

Norfolk Steam Ornamental, Wrought and Cast Iron Rail Works,

CHAINS, KEYS, SEALS & GLASSES. PATENT LEVER AND PLAIN WATCHES

NO. 11 WIDE WATER STREET.

THIS establishment is now under successful operation, the proprietor having erected new buildings for the manufacture of the above work, with the most modern improvements in machinery for facilitating and perfecting the manufacture of

IRON RAILINGS

for Cemeteries, Fronts of Houses, Garden Enclosures, Balconies, &c. Having on hand the greatest variety of *new* and *elegant* patterns, adapted to every taste.

We respectfully solicit our Carolina friends to send us their orders instead of sending them to the North. We pledge ourselves to execute them with neatness and dispatch, and as low as any other establishment, North or South.
SAM. H. HODGES & CO.
Norfolk, Va., April 13, 1858—1y.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to any extent for
CASTINGS,
FORGINGS,
BOILERS,
ENGINES,
And all other Machinery. Long experience, combined with the most improved tools, and machinery, as well as greatly enlarged facilities, enable this Company to compete with similar establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Company, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict attention.

☞ The highest Cash price paid for old Cast Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.
G. B. DAVIDS, Superintendent.
DIRECTORS—Sam'l H. Hodges, President; R. H. Chamberlaine, G. W. Farant. [ap 13ly:.

MARBLE WORKS,
CORNER OF GRANBY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
NORFOLK, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER MANUFACTURES TO order and has constantly on hand, a large and superior assortment of *Italian* and *American* Marble
MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEAD PIECES, &c.,
which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. ☞ Carving and every description of Lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Coping, Curbing, Flagstones, &c., furnished for building and other purposes. Satisfaction guarantied in every particular.

*** Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
JNO. D. COUPER.
April 27, 1858—1y.

W. M. MILLAR,
NO. 11 MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.,
HAS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION A NEW,
COMPLETE AND
CHEAP
STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,
which he offers at the
LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

Doing an exclusive *Cash Business*, we work for *Small Profits*. Persons from a distance who do not find it convenient to visit our city often, can have their orders put up in the best manner.
PLEASE TRY US. MILLAR'S
Cash Bargain Store, Market Square,
ap 27 Norfolk, Va.

POPULAR MUSIC FOR THE PIANO.—The Virginia Washington Monument Grand March—25c.: Crotchet and Quaver Rondos, 25c; Shells of Ocean, 25c, Beautiful Sea, 25c, Willie we have missed you, 25c, La Varsovia, a dance, 25c, Annie Laurie, 12½c, Old Fashioned Cotillions, with appropriate figures, 25c, The Lancers Quadrilles, 25c, Rosalie the Prairie Flower, 25 cents.

The above, together with a very large stock of Music, on hand, for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.
N. B.—Any piece required, not on hand, can be procured in a few days. my 11

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT WOMEN.

THE last and best work by the author of John Halifax, Gentleman—Price $1
CONTENTS.
Something to do—Self Dependence-Female Professions—Female Handicrafts—Female Servants Misstress of a Family—Female Friendship—Gossip—Women of the house—Happy and Unhapppy Women—Last Women—Growing old.

The above with many other new and interesting books are for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
May 4th, 1858. City Book Store.

HARVEST, 1858.

I HAVE on hand a very large stock of GRAIN CRADLES, five and six fingers, the best article made in the United States.

Also, a large assortment of HORSE POWERS and THRESHERS, of the most improved and approved kinds. FAN MILLS of the best quality, for cleaning corn, and separating all impurities from Wheat.

My friends and customers are respectfully requested to forward their orders as early as practicable. They shall have my best attention.
S. MARCH.
Norfolk, Va., May 11, 1858.

TO THE PUBLIC

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Steam Mill situated at Newfoundland, Tyrrel county, N. C., has just been thoroughly repaired, and is warranted to cut from 5000 to 6000 feet of lumber per day. The subscribers offer to furnish LUMBER on the following conditions: For sap and heart, log through, from $9 to $10, for heart plank, from $12:50 to $15. Also, scantling and laths, $9 to $10 per M.
TERMS:—Cash, at ninety days.
JNO. McCLEESE & CO.
May 18, 1858 41—6t.

AT THE BEE HIVE, and at the Bee Hive only you can find an entire new style of Quilted Hoop Skirt at the extremely low price of $1.50.

Silks from 25 cts per yd to the finest imported, Cloaks and Shawls from $1 to $50.

Domestics of all kinds at low prices

DeLaines of New styles, cheap,

The *BEE HIVE* is the east Store, under Johnson's New Building JAMES SMITH,
Norfolk, feb. 9 Proprietor.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging business, THEODORE A. WALTERS and WILLIAM BOOTH, Jr. The business will be conducted by the Junior partners, under the name of WM. A. WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former customers, is most respectfully so icited for the new firm. WM. A. WALTERS.
Norfolk, Feb. 10, 1857.

NIXON HOUSE FOR SALE OR RENT.

THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS Hotel building in the town of Goldsboro', favourably known as the NIXON HOUSE, is offered for sale, and possession given on the 18th day of November next. If not disposed of by that time, it will be rented to a suitable tenant for the ensuing year. For terms, etc., apply to
WM. K. LANE,
May 18, 1858—6t. Goldsboro', N. C.

LINEN CAMBRIC Handkerchiefs at 12½ cts. Also Linen Towels at 12½cts. The above articles are most decidedly the cheapest ever offered. There is no humbug about this—all we ask is an examination.
MILLAR'S Cash Bargain Store,
may 11 Market Square.

JUST RECEIVED, A SUPPLY OF Alsop's best Pale Ale, Hilbert's best London Porter, Congress Water, and a new supply of Medicines, Paints, and Cupping Cases, at
WHEDBEE & POOLE'S
jun 1 Drug Store.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

J. M. MATHEWS, WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER, has taken the Store formerly occupied by Col. W. G. Cook, dec'd., and recently by F. M. Cook, in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he will be pleased to see (as customers) his friends and the public generally.

He will keep constantly supplied, as Agent, with a good assortment of Clocks, Watches, Chains, Guards, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Rings, and all kinds of Jewelry.

He will have made to order any article in his line, viz: Engagement and Wedding Rings, of coin Gold, Spoons, &c.

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY repaired with promptness, and in workmanlike order. All Clock and Watch work warranted for one year.

ACCORDEONS repaired and tuned at the shortest notice.

The Cash will be required for all work or sales upon the delivery of the article.

N. B.—The highest cash price given for old Gold and Silver.

☞ Sign of the Watch.
E. City, Feb. 16, 1858.

NEW BOOKS AT
W. P. GRIFFITH'S BOOKSTORE.

Souvenirs of Travel, by Mada Octavia Walton Le Vert, 2 vols, $2. This work is having a very extensive sale, and is pronounced by all to be the most interesting book of travel ever published.

Doctor Livingston's Journals—Missionary Travels and Researches in South Africa, including a sketch of sixteen years' residence in the interior of Africa, and a Journey from the Cape of Good Hope to Loando, on the West Coast, thence across the continent down the river Zambosi to the Eastern Ocean—by David Livingston, with two maps, a portrait in steel and fifty superb illustrations—Price $3.

The Hasbosh Eater—Being passages from the Life of a Pathagorean—$1.

A Gorgeous and Tasteful Gift Book—The Poets of the 19th Century, edited by the Rev. Robert A Wilmot, with English and American Editions, arranged by Evert A. Duyckinck, superbly illustrated with 32 engravings, printed on superfine tinted paper—$5.

Life Studies or How to Live, illustrated in the biographies of Bunyan, Terstregen, Montgomery, Perthis and Mrs. Winslow, by the Rev John Baillie.

The Spanish Conquests in America, by Arthur Helps, 3d vol—$1.

The above, with a splendid assortment of new and interesting books, now being opened at W P GRIFFITH'S Bookstore,
Norfolk Va. dec. 15th, 1857.

$2000!—$2000!!

FOR the purpose of showing our numerous customers of Virginia and North Carolina a large and handsome stock of
WATER COOLERS, REFRIGERATORS, ICE PITCHERS, WATER PITCHERS, SHOWER BATHS
And every thing in the line of Keeping Cool in the summer season, we put this money in the above goods. We name in part
Refrigerators from $6 to $35
Water Coolers from 2 to $14
Patent Ice Pitchers from 4 to $16
Ice Cream Freezers, 3 kinds, from 50 cents to $14
Water Filterns from 1 to 7 cents
Shower Baths from 50 cents to $25

For the most of these goods we have the exclusive agency in this market, which will be sold at manufacturer's prices, adding freight and expenses.

Call at No. 4, and 9 Roanoke square.
ap 6 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr & Co.

ORIENTAL AND WESTERN SIBERIA.

A NARRATIVE of Seven Years Explorations and adventures in Siberia, Mongolia, Chinese Tartary, and part of Central Asia, by Thos. W. Atkinson, with a map and illustrations. I vol 8 vo $3.

The Works of Jacobites—The Oxford Translation revised with notes, 2 vol 12 mo $1,50.

The English Language in its elements and forms, with a history of its origin and development, abridged for Schools and families, by Wm. C. Fowler, $1,00.

Literary and Historical Miscellanies, by George Bancroft, I vol, 8 vo cloth, $2,00.

Louis Fourteenth; and the Court of France in the 17th Century, by Miss Pardoe, 2 vol 12 mo, cloth, $3,50.

The above for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
mh 23 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

REFRIGERATORS—ICE PITCHERS.

IN the onward march of improvement in this progressive age, these articles have become indispensable in the culinary art In order to obtain the very best article, you will by calling at the Roanoke Square depot, find one of the best assortments, including "LARRABEE'S and YERKE'S" latest improved, patent Upright and Horizontal Refrigerators combined.

Also the celebrated Niagara Jet Shower Bath, Water Filterers, Ice Cream Freezers, patent and plain, and Water Coolers of superior construction; Stimpson's celebrated double wall Ice Pitchers, plain and fancy; Plated Wine Coolers, Patent Fruit Cans, Glass and Tin, of all sizes, which we are selling at lowest prices.
WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.
Norfolk, Va., April 27, 1858.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY, for the purpose of conducting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS. We most respectfully solicit your patronage; pledging ourselves to prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to our care.

The experience of Mr. Delk, in the business for the past thirteen years, gives our firm all the advantages of a thorough knowledge of the Commission business.

We are prepared to grant the usual facilities to our friends.
EDWIN H. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co. N. C.
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

TO FISHERMEN.

AT THE DRY GOODS STORE OF T. F. OWENS,
No. 1 MARKET SQUARE, NORFOLK,
You may find GILL NET TWINE of a superior quality, at the following prices:

2 Cord Gill Net Twine,	No.	20, at 50 cents.	
3 Cord	do	do	20. at 50 "
2 Cord	do	do	" 25, at 55 "
3 Cord	do	do	" 25, at 55 "
2 Cord	do	do	" 30, at 62½ "
3 Cord	do	do	" 30, at 62½ "
3 Cord	do	do	" 35, at 70 "

All orders carefully attended to.
ja 26 T. F. OWENS.

JUST opened this day, Monday, March 29, at the BEE HIVE, Silks, Silks, in the newest styles and best qualities.
ALSO,
Mantillas, the handsomest ever exhibited in this city.
5 Cartoons, French Embroideries, Splendid Goods, and newest style Dress Goods, in every variety and Fabric.
Parasols, Parasols, a beautiful lot at a bargain
mh 30

To Newspaper Publishers.

THE SUBSCRIBER is desirous of obtaining a situation in a newspaper office anywhere in Eastern North Carolina. Being a good practical printer at book, job-work, &c., he feels confident he would give satisfaction to his employer. A line addressed to the publishers of this paper, or to me, will meet with prompt attention. WM. R. CARSON,
at Wendell's office,
May 18, 1858-(2t.) Washington, D. C.

MATTINGS.
MATTINGS.
MATTINGS.
MATTINGS,
AT THE BEE HIVE.
4-4 5-4 and 6-4 wide, red and white, which will be sold at a bargain.
mh 26 JAMES SMITH.

GRAND OPENING at the BEE Hive, on Monday, Sept. 21st 1857, the most splendid assortment of
CLOAKS AND WRAPPINGS
Of all kinds ever seen in Norfolk, entire new designs at the BEE HIVE,
sep 29 No. 32, Main Street.

FOR SALE.

THE FISHERY on Croatan, known as the "HAUL OVER," formerly the property of A. Anderson. Apply to G. F. Anderson Norfolk Va., or to John Pool, E. City, N. C.
Sept 15th, 1857.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.
DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs. Affections of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞ Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.
DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

Who have injured themselves by a certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST. *Baltimore, Md.*
ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 16 years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

DR. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physician advertising to cure private complaints.—His remedies and treatment are entirely unknown to others. Prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, the Blockley of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive practice than any other Physician in the world. His many wonderful cures and most important Surgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily and effectually relieved, should shun the numerous trifling imposters, who only ruin their health, and apply to him.

Take Notice.

☞ There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

☞ No letters received unless post-paid, and containing a stamp to use on the reply.
Jan. 6 1858—1y:p.

COOK STOVES, COOK STOVES.

AT the Depot, Roanoke Square, you can buy a Stove that can be relied on, or in other words, it will not break in a week after you put it up—we have no auction goods. fe 16

O

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

'YOUNG AMERICA' CORN AND COB MILL,

MANUFACTURED BY
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Mayaard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.
Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America, 2 minutes and 40 seconds.
Little Giant, 4 " 55 "
Magic Mill, 6 "
Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and to same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price.

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and Impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally.

S. MARCH,
dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA:

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

TO ALL PERSONS AFFLICTED WITH Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF ABUSE, &c., &c.,

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just Published by the Association, a report on Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed letter envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors:
EZRA D. HARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.
Dec. 22, 1857—1y.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH, CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING WARE-ROOMS,

NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of

VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

—ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 1 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

A REQUEST.

OWING to the recent destructive fire—by which the undersigned has sustained a heavy loss, including his Store, Factory, machinery, &c., &c.—he is forced to *Request* of these indebted to him to come forward and make immediate payment. He knows that, under existing circumstances, a request is all that will be required.

He takes this opportunity, also, of informing his friends and patrons, that he is making arrangements to continue his factory, and will be ready to manufacture and repair all kinds of Agricultural machinery in time for the present and coming necessities of his Farming friends. Due notice will be given, as soon as he opens.

W. H. CLARK.
E. City, March 30, 1858.

A VALUABLE INVENTION TO THE CONSUMERS OF FUEL.—We have on hand an improvement to the ordinary Grates now used for warming dwellings, made by Mr. Snyder, of the Richmond Stove Works, which will no doubt be adopted by every citizen who wishes to economise in the consumption of fuel. We warrant this article to give satisfaction and where it fails to do so will remove it free of charge to the purchaser. Persons in want of this article will call at the Roanoke Square Depot.

WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
fe 16 Norfolk, Va.

CORSETS! CORSETS!!

Corsets, Corsets, Corsets,
Corsets, Corsets, Corsets, Corsets.

JUST OPENED AT THE "BEE-Hive" a complete assortment of Corsets of all sizes and prices, white and colored.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's new Hall, Norfolk, Va. mh 9

NOTICE.

MASTERS of vessels, and others, are notified that the Steamer "Roanoke" will be in nowise liable for damages that may occur to vessels under tow. Vessels are towed at their own risk, and not at the risk of the Steamer.—Those desiring their vessels to be towed will please observe this.

W. A. HARNEY,
ja 19 Master Steamer "Roanoke."

SPRING GOODS—Just opened at the Bee Hive, a splendid assortment of Spring Goods, comprising the newest styles. mh 2

NEW SPRING GOODS.

T. F. OWENS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
No. 1 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

HAS received a large and varied assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Which he will sell at his usual low prices.

Among them may be found
Beautiful Prints with fast colors
Fancy Lawns, Mourning Lawns
Barege DeLaines very cheap
Challies new styles
Debage, Plain and Striped
White Brilliantes
Fancy Brilliantes
Light Blue Muslins, all wool
Light Green Mouslines
Pink Mouslines
Black Silks remarkable cheap
Fancy Cassimers
Black Doeskins
Worsted Plaids for boys wear
Cottonades
Tweeds
Linen Drilling
Linen Coating
Brown Linens
Black Alpacse
Furniture Prints
Lace Mantillas
Grass Skirts
Extension Skirts
Hoop Skirts very cheap
Ginghams, new style
Angola Flannel
Chamilray Ginghams
Net Mitts
Farmers Drills
Tackings

☞ Call and see the goods and hear the prices.

☞ Remember that No. 11 Market square is the place to buy cheap Dry Goods. ap. 6.

JOB WORK.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL orders for any kind of

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING,

that may be wanted in Pasquotank and the surrounding counties, on as

REASONABLE TERMS

as it can be done at any similar establishment in this section of North Carolina.

HAND-BILLS, CARDS,
BILLS OF LADING, BLANKS,
POSTERS, BILL HEADS,
WAY-BILLS, CHECKS,
BALL TICKETS, CIRCULARS, &c.,

Done with Neatness and Despatch.

Any work handed to us will be done immediately, and in good style; and we hope that all our friends in need of anything that we can do, will give us a call.

☞ WORK done for persons in other places will be sent by mail, if desired.

*** For Jobs or Blanks, address or call on
J. B. GODWIN & CO.,
Corner of Main and Road Streets,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

P. S.—All orders from persons out of this county, must be accompanied by the CASH, together with 9 cts. for every quire of blanks ordered, if to be sent by mail.

March 23, 1858. J. B. G & CO.

Sign of the Circular Saw.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS
HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as
Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel and Tongs, in sets or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

HEAVY GOODS.

Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws
Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies Hammers, Screw Plates.

NOTICE.—THE HEAVY LOSSES which the subscriber has sustained by the fire on the night of the 21st, renders a call upon those indebted to him absolutely necessary. He sincerely hopes, therefore, that all persons owing him will promptly come forward and settle up. He will further state, that he has taken the new brick store adjoining Mr. S. Williams, and recently occupied by Mr. S. Weisel, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. The stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c., now on hand, *will be closed out at cost, for cash*, for the purpose of laying in an entire new assortment. Those in want of articles in his line will find it to their interest to give him a call.

T. D. KNOX.
E. City, March 30th, 1858.

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that they are prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Mattresses and Sofas. They keep constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Sofas and Mattresses, done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Shop at the Stables of Mr. Charles Brothers.

MARTIN BURKE & BRO.
April 5, 1857—1y

HOUSE CARPENTERS.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware.**

Call and see us. dec 18

NOTICE.
REMOVAL OF THE
"BEE HIVE"

THE BEE HIVE has been removed to the new and magnificent store in the East side of Johnson's new building, where the Proprietor will be pleased to see his old friends and patrons. The stock has been replenished and will be found very attractive.

The Cloak and Shawl Department is fixed up and embraces the largest assortment in the city, of the latest style.

JAMES SMITH,
jan 5 Proprietor.

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL STORE AND MACHINE MANUFACTORY,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

HUSSEYS, MCCORMICKS, URREL'S
REAPERS! REAPERS!!
WHEAT CUTTERS,
FURNISHED TO ORDER.
ALSO HORSE RAKES.

WM. H. CLARK.
May 16th, 1857—tf.

MARCH'S is the place to purchase Farming Tools, of every description.—There you can find
Corn Shellers for hand or horse Power
Straw Cutters do do
Hominy Mills,
Wheat Fans,
Horse Powers, Wheat Threashers, Field Rollers
Corn Planters, Spades Shovels
Manure forks, and other Implements in the greatest variety. Send along your orders.

jan. 5 S. MARCH.

EXTENSION SKIRTS at the BEE HIVE.
White and Colored Corsets at the BEE HIVE.
jh 16—tf

HOTELS.

LEIGH HOUSE,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING LEASED for a term of years this spacious and comfortable hotel, would announce their readiness to accommodate the traveling public, in such a manner, they hope, as to meet with its approbation.

This House is known to be one of the largest Hotels in the State—its ROOMS well furnished, large and comfortable, and to the cleanliness of which especial attention will be paid. Add to this, a TABLE well supplied with all the market affords;—attentive servants; and landlords who will do all in their power to please and make comfortable their guests; and the public need not fear of having their wants and comfort politely and attentively administered to.

HINTON & LEE, *Proprietors.*
W. T. HINTON.
JAS. F. LEE. } ja 19—tf.

BERRY'S CITY HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
EDWIN BERRY, PROPRIETOR.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform his friends and patrons, and the public generally, that he has leased for a term of years the Hotel formerly kept by George A. Williams, Esq., and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage.

His table will always be furnished with the very best edibles afforded by our market, and his servants will be found polite and attentive.

The travelling public are requested to give him a call. Every possible exertion will be made to give entire satisfaction to those who may stop at the "CITY HOTEL."

April 28, 1857—1y

LARGE STOCK OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY

VICKERY & COMPANY would respectfully inform the citizens of E. City and surrounding country that they have recently added to their previously extensive stock of Books and Stationery, and would call the attention of Merchants and others to the following list of stock which is offered at the lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms—

PAGED BLANK BOOKS.

Ledgers, Invoice Books,
Record Books, Journals,
Blotters, Order Books,
Day Books, Receipt Books,
Check Books, Cash Books,
Letter Books, Bill Books.

The above are of different styles of binding, sizes and ruling. We also make up to order any kind or style of Blank Book our customers may wish.

LETTER AND WALLING PAPER.

Imperial Royal, Super Royal, Medium, Folio Post, Letter, Cap, Commercial, Note, Packet Post, Ladies' letter paper, ruled or plain, Wove or Laid of French and English manufacture.

SUNDRIES.

Gold Pens, Portfolios, Inkstands, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Steel Pens, Fancy Guild and Glazed Papers, Pad Blotters, Copying Presses, Copying Books, Memorandum Books, Note Paper, Blank Notes and Drafts, Books of Bills Lading, Sand Boxes, Sand Thermometers, Gummed Labels, Ivory Tablets, Water Colors, Ivory Folders, Porcelain Slates, Motto Seals, Letter Clips, Lead Pencils, &c., &c.,

Together with every article usually found in a well ordered and arranged establishment.

N. B. From facilities offered this house, at the North, we are enabled to sell all articles in our line on the most liberal terms, and would therefore solicit the favor of a call to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
ja 26 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

VICKERY & COMPANY

WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that their Book Bindery is in full operation, and they are prepared to manufacture

BLANK BOOKS

of every description of Binding and style of Ruling; and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed Books of every kind in the best manner, and on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States.

Merchants, Clerks of Courts and Bank officers, will find it greatly to their advantage to have their Blank Books made at our establishment, as no pains will be spared to give perfect satisfaction both as regards quality and price.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
Booksellers, Stationers, Book Binders and Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 19 Main Street, head of Market Square,
ja 26 Norfolk, Va.

SUNDRIES.

100 KEGS Cut Nails
50 kegs Boat and Ship Spikes, from 3 to 10 inches long
20 kegs Horses Shoes
5 bags Horse Shoe Nails
Carriage Springs and Axles
Cart and Wagon Axles
Grind Stones and Fixtures
Cart and Wagon Boxes, and Through Boxes, all sizes
Straw Cutters, corn Shellers
Hominy Mills, Fanning Mills
Horse Powers, Wheat threshers
Lime and Guano Spreaders
Carts, Wagons, Trucks; Wheel Barows
Corn Planters, Seed Drills
Clover Seed Sowers, Spades, Shovels
Manure Forks, Grubbing Hoes, Rakes, weeding Hoes, Axes, Plows, Screws
Plow Castings, Files, Horse Rasps
Borax, Washers, Nuts, Plow Skeletons
Cauldrons, Hog Troughs
Garden and Field Rollers
Garden Engines, and all other Farming Tools

fe 17 S. MARCH.

NOTICE.

LIVERY STABLES.

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c. for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.

CHAS. B. BROTHERS.
E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

REMOVAL.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and he public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of

FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE**, he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. T. PARR.

Sept. 1, 1857—1y

SPRING SHAWLS.

AT the Bee Hive, under Johnson's Hall, East Side, Norfolk, Va.—Just opened a beautiful assortment of spring SHAWLS, all colors and qualities, at a great deal less than usual price.

A few of those Black Silks at 50 cts. per yard left. Call soon; they are going with a rush.—The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. mh 9

NOTICE.—All persons who left Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry at the store of F. M. Cook, before January 1st, 1858, are requested to call for them at once.

ph 2 J. M. MATHEWS, Ag't.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, NOW OPEN AND for sale, one of the finest and most complete Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, Glass, Putty, &c. We are now prepared to furnish our friends and customers with any article in our line, at the most reasonable terms. Our stock of Drugs and Medicines were selected with the utmost care as to their purity and are of the best quality.

Our supply of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., is complete, and bought at prices that will enable us to please all in prices and quality. We sell White Lead from $8 to $11 per hundred pounds; Varnishes from $2,50 to $3,50 per gallon, and Window Glass from $2,50 to $5,00 per box.

To the Ladies,

We would say, that we have exercised our best taste in the selection of Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Fine Hair, Tooth, Nail and Flesh Brushes, Combs, Portmonies, Toilet Soaps, and a very superior assortment of Mantel and Parlor ornaments, which we would be pleased to show Ladies who may be in want of such articles.

We return our thanks for the patronage already extended to us, and hope by attention to business to merit a continuation of the same; and we promise in return our utmost endeavors to give entire satisfaction to our customers.

Physicians, Planters, and Mechanics may rely upon having their orders promptly and faithfully filled, and on the most satisfactory terms.

WHEDBEE & POOLE.
Elizabeth City, April 27, 1858.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING; OR JERUSALEM AS IT WAS, AS IT IS, & AS IT IS TO BE.

BY DR. J. T. BARCLAY, Late Missionary to Jerusalem. With a Steel Portrait of the Author by Sartain. Also Chromographic Illuminations in ten oil colors, Periscopic Panorama of the entire Circuit of the City and Environs, explanatory Maps, &c., by Rosenthal. Steel Engravings by Sartain. J. C. Buttre, Dick and Earle. Finest Wood Engravings by Lounderback & Hoffman and J. H. Byram.

The Engravings will be executed in the highest style of art, from Photographs and original designs illustrating the various phases of the City.—

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL, MODERN AND MILLENNIAL,

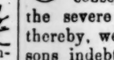
Also, Restoration of the Temple and City as invested by Titus.—Notices of its Jewish, Christian, and Heathen Antiquities—Its Present Political and Moral Condition—Future Prospects, &c.

This work is the result of investigations made during three and a half years' residence in the Holy City, with facilities for prosecuting researches never heretofore enjoyed. It was undertaken with special reference to the elucidation of the Holy Scriptures, the Talmud, the Works of Josephus, the Crusaders, and Pilgrim Chroniclers. The many valuable discoveries made in the Temple Enclosure, and other sacred localities, to which Dr. Barclay was admitted by *special* Firman, with permission to explore those hallowed spots, so jealously guarded for many centuries, and now for the first time presented to the Christian public, will introduce a new era in Sacred Topography.

Price $3 50—1 vol. 8 vo., for sale by
VICKERY & COMPANY,
mh 23 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

AT HOME AGAIN.

LIVERY STABLES.



THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has again taken charge of the Stables formerly kept by himself, but more recently in the possession of Messrs. Hinton & Lamb, where he will keep for hire horses either in harness or saddle, and vehicles of every description upon the most reasonable terms. He is also prepared to board horses by the single meal, week, month or year. Having been proprietor of these stables before, it is needless to say one word in reference to his attention to horses left in his care. Upon that subject he is well known.

Persons putting up their horses at the stables, will have their baggage conveyed to either of the hotels, or any where else in town free of charge.

ARTHUR L. JONES.
Elizabeth City, July 14, 1857.—tf.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
EDENTON, N. C.
DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and superior
Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes

The orders of Physicians and Planters promptly filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dixon's line.

☞ Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.

June 9, 1857—8ms

DIRECT IMPORTATION
TO THE BEE HIVE.

PER Steamship City of Washington—10 Cartoons very rich Embroideries, in Swiss Cambric and Lace; 3 Cartoons of Chantilla Lace Mantillas, of the latest patterns; 2 Cartoons of very richly embroidered Infants' Waists; 1 cartoon of rich Embroidered Handkerchiefs; 3 cartoons of elegant Embroidered Swiss and Cambric Setts of entire new designs; 2 cartoons Honiton Collars, most beautiful designs; 1 cartoon of very Richly Embroidered Robes for Infants; 4 cartaons of Rich Berage Robes, Chilly Robes, Mohair Robes, &c. Also, 2 cases of superior Irish Linen, Direct Importation, which will be sold at a very low figure.

The BEE HIVE is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. ap 27

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

SHEETING, SHEETING, SHIRTING, Shirting. Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 6 1-4c,
Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 8½ worth 10 cents,
Unbleached Sheeting yard and a quater wide at 12½ cents,
Bleached Sheeting two yards wide at 25 cents,
Bleached Sheeting two and a half wide at 8½c worth 10 cents,
Bleached Cottons ¼ wide, 8½ worth 10c,
Bleached Cottons yard wide at 10 cents worth 12½c,

Remember the place is No 1 Market Square, and as our stock of Sheetings and Shirtings is going off rapidly, it will be well for purchasers to call early.—mh 16 T. F. OWENS.

WOOD, COAL, AND LIME DEPOT

THE Subscriber having taken the large warehouse recently erected by J. W. Hinton Esq., opposite the store of Messrs. Hinton & Dashiell where he intends keeping constantly on hand a large supply of Coal, Wood, Lime, Hay and Bricks. He will also attend to the receiving and forwarding all articles to his care; to the selling of goods upon consignment at the best market prices, and will make immediate returns. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

B. T. MILLER, *Ag't.*

NOTICE.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and fancy, centre pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c.

SLATING *also done by the subscriber.*

☞ All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

M. W. FATHERLEY.
Eliz. City, Aug. 4th., 1857.—6m.

HARDWARE
SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,
Head of the Square, Sign of the Saws.

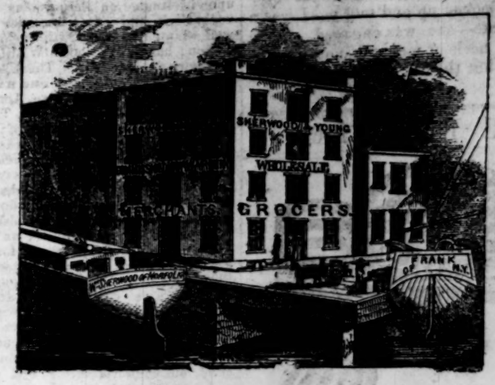
ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and better adapted to the wants of the Southern public.

Norfolk, Sept 23

50 PIECES Organdy Lawns at the Bee Hive, selling less than Importer's prices, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. ju 8

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS



AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at his Depot, No. 13, Water Street,
100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ¾ to 12 inches wide and from ¼ to 4 inches round and square.
10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.
5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.
5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.
Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and two Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.
150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.
50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.
Trace Chains, Whiffle Treese, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be desired of the best conducted Farm.

For premium Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, and all other reliable goods, send your orders to have them filled—promptly, and low prices, to

nov 25 S. MARCH.

NOTICE.

OWING TO THE DISASTROUS consequences of the recent fire, and the severe loss that we have sustained thereby, we are forced to request all persons indebted to us to come forward and settle their accounts with us immediately. It will be unnecessary for us, we hope, under the circumstances, to do more than call attention to the above, as *all* must be aware of the utter impossibility of our waiting upon them.

WHITE & LAVERTY.
E City, March 30, 1858.
Sentinel copy tf.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GOAL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FALL 1855

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

TAKE PLEASURE in calling the attention of their Virginia and North Carolina friends, (especially the Mercantile class,) to their extensive assortment of GENERAL HARDWARE, a large portion of which was imported with a special view to the Fall and Winter wholesale trade, and the Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer, will bear in mind, that under the circumstances of our not being able to make our usual fall sales our assortment of Hardware, can be purchased on wholesale terms, at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine for yourselves. dec 4

NOTICE.—WE BEG LEAVE TO respectfully inform our friends, customers, and the public generally, that for the present, we have taken the new brick store on Water street, recently erected by Mr. J. Williams, and lately occupied by W. Shannon, where we shall be pleased to see all who are disposed to favor us with a call. Those indebted to us, will find us there, ready to receipt for their accounts.

WHITE & LAVERTY.
March 30, 1858.
Sentinel copy 6w.

TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co., Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va., ask the attention of merchants of North Carolina and Virginia, to their large and well selected stock of Tin and Japanned Ware, manufactured expressly for the Southern trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in northern or eastern cities, and better suited to the wants of the Southern public.

Also STOVES of all kinds for all purposes, Force, Deep Well and Cistern Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Copper, Bar, Sheet Iron, brass, &c.

Etherial Oil and Lamps of all kinds for using it. mh 23

FRESH ARRIVAL.

JUST received at the Roanoke Square Depot, a fresh supply of Roberts & Co.'s Improved New World Cooking Stoves of all sizes. Persons wishing to obtain the best Stove in the country will please leave their orders at once.

W. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
Roanoke Square and Wide Water st.,
fe 16 Norfolk, Va.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

WHEN you are ready to purchase Spring and Summer Clothing for your Servants, you will do well to call at No 1 Market square, as we have a varied assortment of goods suitable for Negro Clothing, consisting of Farmer's Drilling Cotton Osnaburgs, Blue Drills, Canvass Duck, Domestic Plaids, Striped Drills, Plaids Osnaburgs, Striped Shirtings, Very Cheap Unbleached Cotton.

The above goods will be sold at very low prices.—ap 27 T. F. OWENS.

PLOWS, PLOWS, PLOWS.

THE Virginia and North Carolina Warehouse is the place to purchase your Plows. There you can find the largest and best assortment, for one, two, three or four horses, of any house in the United States, and I am daily manufacturing them in large quantities; and have on hand a very heavy stock of Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit. Send your orders to S. MARCH.

MAGNIFICENT MANTILLAS, MAGNIFICENT MANTILLAS.

OPENED AT THE BEE HIVE, NORFOLK, VA.

500 SPLENDID MANTILLAS in elegant Chantilla Lace, Silk and Lace Moire Antique and Lace in materials of all kinds, making the largest stock of these goods in the State. Price from $1 to $50.

The Bee Hive is 59 Main street, Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. ap 13

NOTICE.—The subscriber gives this notice that he will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the Captain or crew of the Steamer Jacob Hines, neither will he be responsible for the wages of hands employed on board said steamer. The Hines will not be liable for damage to vessels whilst in tow.

THOMAS I. BURBAGE.
May 25, 1858. 42—1m.

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. B. T. MILLER has purchased the right to manufacture Wilkenson's Colic and Diarrhœa mixture for North Carolina, and will hereafter manufacture the same in E. City. It will be genuine and can be depended on for all affections of the stomach and bowels.

W. W. GREGORY, M. D.

NEW BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY —NEW.—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston, do.
James B. Smith & Co., do.
T. B. Peterson, do.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
D. Appleton & Co., do.
Robert Carter & Bros., do.
Charles Scribner, do.
Derby & Jackson, do.
Little, Brown & Co., Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co., do.
Ticknor & Fields, do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co., do.
Gould & Lincoln, do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL STORE AND MACHINE MANUFACTORY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular

AGRICULTURAL STORE,

is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms. Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various pattern
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c.
Rakes,
Machine Bands, Trace Leather,
Wheel Barrows, Grain Cradles,
Bramble Scythes and Handles,
Cotton Leading Lines, Butcher Saws.
Cleavers, Copper Nails, Wrenches,
Bench Screws,
Force and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipes,
Gum and Hemp Packing,
Oil feeders, Files (all kinds,)
Coffee Mills, Whetstones for Scythes,
Copper Rivits and Bans, Knob Stock,
Padd Locks, Hooks and Staples, Tacks,
Wire and Wire cloth, Blacksmith's Vices,
Sand and Emery Paper Gauging Rods and Rules

Also—

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to. Orders per mail will meet with strict attention. Blacksmith's coal always on hand.

W. H. CLARK.
ap 19

ENGLISH BOOKS.

W. P. GRIFFITH has recently received a very large supply of English Books, in every department of Literature, comprising History, Biography, Travels, Standard works of Fiction, &c., all of which are offered for sale at prices far below American publications.

My stock of Books is the largest in this City, and will compare favorably with any establishment in the South, all of which is offered at as low prices as any other house in the United States. If you wish to be convinced of the fact, come and see.

Libraries, Colleges, and Schools furnished upon the very best terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention addressed to

W. P. GRIFFITH,
mh 2 Bookseller and Stationer, Norfolk.

ROSCIUS.

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